

The Raymond Recorder

The News and Advertising Medium of Southern Alberta's Sugar District

VOL. 4

RAYMOND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, NOV 26 1926



New Goods Arriving Daily

Our temporary stores are stocking up with new lines of Christmas goods. We are offering Special Prices on lines purchased from our catalogs. Let us order from the factory for you—furniture, bedding or special lines for Christmas.

Saturday's Business Stimulators

Finest Shredded Coconut	40c value	29c
Palm Olive Soap	3 bars for	22c
Fels Naptha Laundry Soap	10c a bar Sat. 4 bars	33c
(Sugar advanced 40c during the week)		
Saturday only	20-lbs for	\$1 53
(Sugar Market is very firm)		
Chocolate Bars	7 for	23c
Peanuts	2 lbs for	24c
Large size Glass water Pitchers	\$1.25 value for	79c
Roger's Syrup (Roger's Syrup advanced with sugar)	5-lb tin	49c
Cardston Creamery Butter	2 lbs for	73c
Good Quality Brooms		59c
Lemons, largest size	per doz	37c
Swift's Lard 5-lb pail cut to		99c
McLaren's Kraft Cheese 1 lb reg	50c Saturday	33c
Toothpicks 10c pkg for		6c

To avoid late delivery kindly shop early

Phone 10

THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

Raymond Merc.

COMPANY, LIMITED

Former Raymond Tot Will Become Concert Pianist

(From Detroit News)

Some day, say musicians who have heard her play, Vivienne D'Arkos will be a concert pianist.

As a matter of fact Vivienne, at eight, is already a concert pianist and has been since she was two. A concert pianist is a pianist who gives concerts. Vivienne gives one every day. Her audience consists of her dolls, arranged on chairs; her dog lying at her feet and her cat seated on the bench beside her.

The selections she plays are largely of her own composition. She began composing and improvising as soon as she old enough to manipulate the keyboard. At three she was asking for instructions. Her mother, Mrs. Joseph D'Arkos, taught her the scales; and at four she could play several simple pieces. They lived at that time in Raymond, Alta. and soon the child attracted the attention of Leo M. Coombs, director of the Alberta Conservatory. She became his pupil.

In her fourth year it occurred to her that Santa Claus might like to receive musical compositions in connection with the annual request for gifts. She wrote several decorating them with pictures and childish pleas, and Santa was so pleased he fulfilled every one of her prayers.

At six she composed a suite consisting of "The Robin's Song" and "The Baby's Lesson" thinking of

the compositions for the right hand alone. Her more recent compositions are of a more pretentious nature, and some of them reveal excellent melody and inspiration. In a recent contest in the city of Detroit, Vivienne won third place in the finals of the elementary division. In the contest at Lansing sponsored by the national Federation of Music Clubs she was placed first among the contestants, while not yet twelve years old. The judges found her playing especially good. "I've got some nice new shoes," was Vivienne's explanation.

Last summer Vivienne had scarlet fever. After a few days in bed she begged to be taken to the living room to play one piece. Her mother at length consented, and Vivienne played a prelude by Bach. This sustained her until she was able to resume her daily practice.

It took her less than an hour a day to master the tasks assigned to her by Dr. Alle D. Zuidema, organist of the Jefferson Avenue Presbyterian Church, who has been her teacher since the family came to Detroit in 1923, but she remains at the instrument for hours, improvising and composing. A midget piano has been provided for her comfort.

Vivienne's father is an inspector for the Ford Motor Co. The family lives at 9038 Central avenue. Vivienne is in the fourth grade at R. C. H. School.

News Notes

The marriage of Miss Margaret Davis to Leo Vance was solemnized at Cardston last Friday. The newlyweds will reside in Raymond.

The world's greatest fashion show with scenes in nature's own colors are shown in "Irene" the picture showing at the Rex Theatre tonight and Saturday. "Madam Behave" a comedy funnier than "Charlie's Aunt" will be screened Monday next.

The 1st Ward "M" Men were organized at their regular meeting last Sunday. Clifford Cough was elected president with Glen Folstrom as vice president and Dean Lamb as secretary treasurer. The class expects to make the coming season enjoyable for all concerned.

CHARACTER BALL—Tomorrow (Saturday) night at the Raymond Opera House. Prizes will be given for Lucky spot dancing and for the best costumes. The Premier Dance Orchestra will be in attendance.

FOR SALE—75 purebred White Leghorn hens, one year old. Price 75c each.—Apply D. H. Wall, Raymond.

The next meeting of the U. F. W. A. will be held at the home of Mrs. T. O. King next Thursday. The program will open with community singing, Mr. J. H. Walker will give a talk on children's training, Natrona King and company will render a quartette, Mrs. Bert Nilsson will deliver an address on the U. F. A. paper, and Mrs. Blanche Scoville will sing a solo, which will be followed by games and luncheon.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. O. Sch... of the Togo Cafe, a daughter.

Public Apology

For the good of basket ball in Alberta and in view of the finding of committee appointed to make solution: "That both teams were guilty of unsportsmanlike behavior." We make a public apology to the citizens of Edmonton and the 19th Battalion basketball team for our part.

The "non Jacks," D. M. Poxelson, Mgr. T. W. Melhram, Capt.

MEN—Get into some of our new overalls for the holidays. A department with checker, welt or tan with blouse, leggings and footings. If you are looking for something different these will please.—Bennett & Co.

New Organization

The report published last week concerning the settlement of the squabble between the Union Jacks and the Edmonton Forty-niners was not accurate.

The correct version is that the Jacks must apologize to the 49th Battalion and to the citizens of Edmonton, while the Edmonton team must apologize to last season's executive and are required to deposit \$75 to the credit of the Jacks. The apology of the Jacks appears elsewhere in this issue.

A meeting of the local organization was held last Wednesday evening when the following officers were elected: Honorary president T. J. O'Brien, President, W. Melhram, Executive, C. Asplund, M. Christensen, Paul Dahl and Solon Low, Secretary, Treasurer, Rulon Dahl, Membership committee, D. Paris, A. Ralph and C. Scoville. The latter committee is now busy selling membership cards at \$1.00 each. All are invited to join.

REX THEATRE

TONIGHT & SATURDAY

Colleen Moore in

"Irene"

The World's Greatest Fashion Show Entertainment Par Excellence

Adults 45c

Children 25c

MONDAY NEXT

Madam Behave

She's a Sister to "Charlie's Aunt" only funnier
Prices 15c and 30c

THURSDAY NEXT

Clara Bow in **"MANTRAP"**

Watch for our 2 for 1 sale commencing Mon. Dec. 6th

Now is the time to think of that

Christmas Gift

We have a beautiful range of Xmas Handkerchiefs in fancy boxes at prices from 30c to \$2.00

Buy now while the assortment is complete

The Broadway Store

Your Interest is Our Interest

PHONE 2



Santa is here in All His Glory
He has made our store his headquarters

Suitable Gifts

for Old and Young

Come in and look them over while the assortment is complete

Bring the children. We are pleased to show them the toys

Bennett & Co. Ltd.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

When Santa Comes!



You may rest assured his pack will hold a few Personal Greeting Cards sent by your friends to you. So get your own Cards now before it is too late from:

The Raymond Recorder

For Cold Weather

Driving
Get Your

GAS

and

Oil

at the

Raymond

Service Station

J. D. HALL

Chrysler Cars Dealer, Star Cars

Use Want Ads--They Pay Big

RED ROSE "is good tea" TEA

Over 30 years a standard
wherever good tea is liked.

Taxation In Canada

During the war Canada, like all countries, was forced to devise and impose new forms of taxation in order to raise the large sums of money required to enable the Dominion to worthily, efficiently and successfully discharge its national obligations. That frantic struggle lasted so long, and the expenditures incurred were so great, that a huge national debt resulted, and since the Armistice interest on that debt has had to be paid, while large expenditures for pensions and the care of disabled soldiers continue to be necessary, Canada, therefore, must raise a large revenue for Federal purposes.

But this is not all. The war caused inflation of prices in all commodities, and, of course, revenues which formerly were adequate for provincial and municipal purposes were too small, and on top of higher Dominion taxation there had to be imposed greater taxation by Provincial and municipal governments.

The effect of this taxation is greater in Canada than in the United States because this country entered the war at the beginning, whereas the United States only came into it near the close, and after years during which that country amassed great wealth in the work of supplying goods to the Allied countries which had turned their whole industrial fabric from works of peace production to the requirements of war.

Prior to the war Canada was a low taxed country, but war needs brought about the imposition of an Income Tax, a tax on bank cheques, drafts, notes, etc., a tax on receipts, taxes on matches and other commodities, an increased rate of postage, taxes on excess profits, taxes on business turnover as represented by sales, and sundry other taxes. The accumulation of all these taxes has, naturally and inevitably, had an adverse effect on investment in industry and for development purposes, and in the willingness of both foreign and domestic money lenders to invest in Canada. Further, the necessity of investing huge sums in Government loans during the war resulted in the withdrawal of hundreds of millions of dollars from other forms of investment, to the detriment of all business, industrial growth, and development of the natural resources of the country.

With its tremendous accumulation of wealth during the war, and the wonderful expansion in production and industrial activity since then as a direct result of that accumulation of wealth, the United States has been enabled to rapidly decrease its Income Tax and lower, or entirely abrogate most of its war taxes. This has created a great disparity in the burden of Federal taxes imposed on the people of these two countries, to the manifest disadvantage of Canada. On the other hand, Canada compares very favorably with the United States when Provincial State and Municipal taxation is compared.

There is, however, a growing demand throughout the Dominion that, if this country is not to seriously suffer in the long run, some action must be taken to lower the burden of Federal taxation so as to place the Dominion on terms of greater equality in this respect with our neighbor to the south. Just how this is to be accomplished, and at the same time provide the Federal Government with the revenue it must have, to meet our war obligations and current domestic needs, is the problem.

To the solution of this problem the Dominion Government is directing its attention, and, fortunately, the people as a whole, are taking a very keen and increasing interest in it. This interest is made manifest in the discussions which took place at the recent convention of the Canadian Board of Trade, in the publications of the Citizens' Research Institute of Canada, in the Dominion-wide campaign recently inaugurated by the Retail Trade Bureau of Canada, and by the resolutions adopted by the Canadian Council of Agriculture representing the organized farmers.

All these bodies are in agreement on some points, they are at variance in important respects as to policies which should be adopted. All strongly favor more economical administration, the elimination of partisanship and politics from the business of government, reduced expenditures, and a more careful survey of national conditions before embarking on future capital outlays, all of which will make for lower taxation. But they differ when it comes to the question of just what taxes should now be entirely eliminated. There are two sides to these questions, as there are to most issues of outstanding importance, and it will be of value to consider these in a subsequent article.

The present gratifying fact is that a step has been taken in the direction desired by all, namely, reduction of taxation. The present year has seen the excess war postage rates wiped out, the tax on receipts repealed, the tax on bank cheques for small amounts removed, and a substantial reduction made in the Income Tax, especially on smaller incomes. Furthermore, the Finance Minister has announced that further reductions will be shortly forthcoming, and press despatches have reported that he has ordered a survey by departmental officials of the operation of the Income Tax and Sales Tax, and their effect on business and the country's development in general, with a view to guiding the Government in the preparation of the next budget.

Taking Her Revenge

It was growing late when the hostess at the reception requested the eminent tenor to sing.

"It is too late, madam," he protested. "I should disturb your neighbors."

"Not at all," declared the hostess, beaming. "Besides, we owe them something. They poisoned our dog last week."

The fortress of Saint Peter and Paul in Leningrad, long famous as a prison, is to be converted into an historical museum.

A cattle syndicate has a perfect right to water its stock occasionally.

Alberta Fisheries

The summer fish catch on Lesser Slave Lake was good, according to R. T. Rodd, Dominion Fisheries Inspector at Edmonton, who states that more than 650,000 lbs. of whitefish were taken out of the lake with 468, 711 lbs. of pickerel, 210,162 lbs. of pike and smaller quantities of other fish.

As a veruicide an excellent preparation is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It has saved the lives of countless children.

"Harold, why didn't you come home right from the store?"

"I dropped a dime and a taxi parked on it."

Modern Sea Mysteries

Sailors Encounter Many Tragedies Which Cannot be Explained.

In spite of the advance of science along the lines of steam, electricity, wireless communication, ship construction and a hundred other things, mysteries of the ocean still continue. Tragedies, grim and inexplicable still keep obtruding themselves, and the science of man seems impotent when pitted against the vast weight, might and uncertainty of the seas.

One of the latest mysteries is that surrounding a schooner, the "Mary Comish." "Fate of her crew unknown."

She was picked up by an American steamer in the mid-Pacific, drifting before the trade wind with her sails loosely stowed. The schooner was in trim, and apparently had not encountered any dirty weather; on deck, and below, all was in order; and the trade-room and liquor cages had not been disturbed. In the deck house, where a swing-lamp was still burning, lay a copy of the Sydney Mail many months old, slightly charred and with blood stains on it; and there, too, a parrot, dead in its cage. None of her boats were missing. But not a living thing was to be found in her. The doom of her crew is another unsolved mystery of the sea.

NEGLECTED ANAEMIA

Often Leads to a Decline—Enrich the Blood by Taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

In their early teens it is quite common for girls to outgrow their strength, and mothers should carefully watch the health of their daughters at this time, for it is when strength is sapped by rapid growth that anaemia develops. The first signs may be noticed by peevishness, languor and headaches. The face grows pale, breathlessness and palpitation follow, with low spirits.

At the first symptom of anaemia mothers should act at once. Neglected anaemia often leads to decline, but if you see that your daughter's blood is enriched there need be no cause for anxiety. The finest blood enricher ever discovered is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The pure, red blood created by these pills will quickly banish all signs of anaemia. They will build up your girl's health and ensure her a robust girlhood. Give your daughter a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills now. Make her strong like thousands of girls who have been rescued from the clutches of anaemia by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Here is a bit of proof. Miss Mary Venditt, Catawago, N.B., says:—"Three years ago while attending a convent, I studied very hard to graduate. The result was I became very nervous and got so thin and pale my teachers thought they would have to send me home. I took different kinds of medicine which my parents sent me, but my condition remained unchanged. At last one of my teachers gave me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I had hardly finished it when I could feel an improvement in my condition. I continued the use of the pills for some time longer, and I can hardly tell all the good they did me. I gained in strength and weight, and the color returned to my cheeks, and at the end of the term I graduated. I never fail to recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to my friends and acquaintances when a tonic is needed."

You can get these pills from your druggist, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Electric Ocean Liners

Electric Propulsion is Coming According to Authority on Marine Matters

Ocean liners, propelled by powerful electric engines that will permit control as positive as that of automobiles, were predicted by W. T. Thau, noted authority on marine electric propulsion, in addressing the convention of the Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers in New York.

Electric propulsion, he said, will eliminate the necessity of engine room signals and place absolute control of the vessel on the ship's bridge, resulting in a reduction of operating expenses and increased safety.

Salvage Work Progressing

Sixty-three of German Vessels Raised at Scapa Flow

Salvage work on the scuttled German fleet at Scapa Flow progresses steadily. Messrs. Cox and Danks lifted the G40 recently bringing the number of destroyers raised to sixteen. Sixty-three vessels have been raised by them so far.

There are only three more destroyers of this type, weighing 750 tons, to be salvaged. The remaining seven destroyers weigh 1,300 tons.

The original garret in which Charles Dickens visualized his famous character, Little Dorrit, has been located in what is now a printer's establishment in London.

Even a charlton puglist is sure to be close-fisted.

Minard's Liniment for Colds.

W. N. U. 1656

11 OUT OF 83

cases ended in death! So a recent Canadian investigation showed. Those were not cases of infectious diseases—of consumption—of typhoid! They were cases where a person had sustained some slight injury—a cut, a burn, a wire-prick—and where the wound, being thought not serious enough for careful treatment, had been neglected. Blood-poisoning and death resulted.

When you or your children sustain any injury, ensure against infection by applying Zam-Buk. This balm soothes the pain, stops bleeding, and by destroying all germs prevents blood-poisoning, etc. Hence no time need be lost from work or pleasure by those who use Zam-Buk. All dealers, 60c. box.

Zam-Buk

Spiritualism In Britain

Growth of Movement Sponsored by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle

An impressive belief in spiritualism was registered at the spiritualist's annual armistice service in Albert Hall, London, when eight thousand were present.

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, leading the services, suddenly appealed to his hearers, shouting: "I ask all who are sure that they have been in touch with their dead to rise and testify."

More than 3,000 men and women of all types quietly rose and this brought from Sir Arthur this fervent statement:

"Thank God there are so many, I prophesy within five years that to such an appeal every man and woman will rise.

We are not testifying to faith but to fact."

The growth of the belief in spirit communication, so persistently expounded by Sir Oliver Lodge and Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, has apparently been extraordinary.

In the course of his address Sir Conan said: "We say here in mid-England and in cold blood, and pledge our honor that this is true. We feel we are addressing those we have lost, and hold out our hands to them, not as shadow beings in an unknown life, but just the same light-hearted, merry fellows we lost. They are not lost, but are nearer to us than ever they were before."

Miss Estelle Stead, formerly editor of the Review of Reviews, the Rev. George Vale Owen and other well-known spiritualists were among the speakers.

Minard's Liniment for Neuralgia.

Mr. Greene—"Are you an alienist?"

Dr. Gray-Matter—"That's my profession, sir."

Mr. Greene—"Well, I wanted to know if you'll come and fix our cuckoo clock."

The Chinese learned how to make paper by watching wasps build their nests.

BLOOD WILL TELL



In your grandfather's time a man lived a vigorous, out-door life. The red blood of courage was in every line of face and showed in every muscle of his body.

Strength of body and strength of purpose mean success.

Get DR. PIERCE'S Golden Medical DISCOVERY

That Reliable Herbal Tonic, from your nearest druggist, in either fluid or tablets.

It will aid digestion, make your blood redder and you will be ready for any task that may confront you.

May Continue Burbank's Work

California Trying to Raise Funds to Purchase Scientist's Farm

Plant experiment work of the late Luther Burbank will be carried on if a movement on foot in California to raise \$1,000,000 is successful. The fund would purchase the famous scientist's Sebastopol farm, north of Santa Rosa, and make it a monument to his memory. Officers of Stanford University admit that the plan is to turn over the farm to the university. Shortly before his death Burbank expressed a wish that the farm be turned over to Stanford University so that his experiments could be carried on.

Not Such a Bad Thing

Many of Really Great People Have Been Misunderstood

The whim of the world is: "I am misunderstood." Pooh-pooh! Everybody is. It's a good thing that many of us are misunderstood. Thus we pass for knowing more than we do. Emerson had something to say about that. He said: "Misunderstood! It is a fool's word. Is it so bad, then, to be misunderstood? Pythagoras was misunderstood, and Socrates, and Jesus, and Luther, and Copernicus, Galileo, and Newton, and every pure and wise spirit that ever took flesh. To be great is to be misunderstood."

To Relieve Catarrh Catarrhal Deafness And Head Noises

If you have catarrh, or catarrhal deafness and have buzzing, ringing noises in your head—don't waste time with unproven, curative medicines, but go now to your nearest druggist and ask for an inexpensive package of Geero Wormwood Balm.

No atomizers, no syringes and nothing to take internally—you simply apply a little of this clean, fragrant balm right into your nostrils, and then comes sweet relief. Clogged nostrils quickly open up, breathing is easier, head noises vanish and the annoying mucus stops dropping into the throat. This is a simple, pleasant and inexpensive home treatment that anyone bothered by catarrh or catarrhal deafness should give a good trial at once. All good druggists—at trifling cost.

Retain Valuable Crown

Chichest of Regal Emblems to Remain in Russia

While jewels to the value of millions of dollars have been purchased by foreign dealers from the vast collection of crown jewels of Russia, and some of the most important of them are on their way to the United States, the choicest of all Russia's regal emblems remains in Moscow. This is the Imperial crown of all the Russias made for the coronation of Catherine the Great in 1762, and valued at \$52,000,000.

Your Asthma, Too. The efficacy of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is not something that is merely to be hoped for; it is to be expected. It seldom fails to bring relief, and in your own individual case it will do the same. So universal has been the success of this far-famed remedy that every one afflicted with this disease owes it to himself to try it.

Not Viewed With Favor

France at Least Will Oppose Restoration of Territory to Germany

It is unlikely that Germany will find any enthusiastic response when she gets ready to ask formally for the restoration of her territory. She was deprived of her colonies in order to reduce her resources for engaging in another world conflict. If other statesmen forget this fact, certainly those of France never will. And while Germany has a strong argument on the economic phase of the question, not until the problem of permanent world peace is appreciably nearer solution than it now appears will France ever be likely to approve any course that would enhance the potential military strength of her neighbor across the Rhine.

Cause and Effect

English girls with a good pair of legs are quite unusual according to Sir William Arbuthnot Lane, noted British physician, but the answer of several persons well qualified to speak is a decided "English girls' legs are not ugly." "So many English girls nowadays are bow-legged or knock-kneed," Sir William says, attributing these physical defects to bad feeding in youth.

Potatoes Sprout Early

Potatoes have been harnessed to overcome work by the demands of science. Usually potatoes taken from the ground insist on two months' rest before sprouting. That idea is all bunk, according to Prof. Frank Denny who says that dousing them in a certain chemical bath will start the shoots at once, cutting down the time between crops.

Confidence is seldom lost, but it is often sadly misplaced.

Physicians use Minard's Liniment.

Studying hard? Boys and Girls need **SCOTT'S EMULSION**

EARN WHILE YOU **Become a Beauty Specialist**

Were Stupid As Boys

Many Great Men Were Not Brilliant at School

Because a boy may be adjudged stupid at school, it does not follow that he may not become a successful man.

"You care for nothing but rat-catchers, dogs, and shooting, and you will be a disgrace to yourself and your family," Mr. Darwin chastised his son, Charles, with these words, and there seems little doubt that the boy merited the rebuke. Yet years afterwards the name of Charles Darwin was world-famous.

"A stupid, heavy blockhead," Oliver Goldsmith's old schoolmaster, who looked upon the famous writer as one of the biggest dunces he had ever had to teach, thus denounced his pupil. Yet Goldsmith wrote the poem "The Deserted Village"; the novel "The Vicar of Wakefield" and the comedy "She Stoops to Conquer," and his name will be revered wherever English literature is found.

Edison, the electrical wizard was sent home from school by his teacher, who asked the lad's mother to keep him away as his brains were "addled."

Mothers need never despair if their sons and daughters do not show great brilliance at school. The men and women who have made names for themselves in business, art, science, and even politics, were amongst the steady scholars, whose hard work and persistent application gained for them ultimate success. The mushroom genius, flashing brilliantly through school and college, rarely gains a great place in the world of men and affairs.

Cheapest of all Oils.—Considering the qualities of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil it is the cheapest of all preparations offered to the public. It is to be found in every drug store in Canada from coast to coast and all country merchants keep it for sale. So, being easily procurable and extremely moderate in price, no one should be without a bottle of it.

Violet-scented seaweed in the lakes of the Mamylshlak peninsula in the Caspian Sea perfumes the air for miles.

There are nearly 10,000 automobile camps in the United States, of which 66 per cent are in or near a city or town.

The Gutenberg Bible of St. Paul's Monastery in Carinthia has been sold for \$200,000.

Don't Neglect Bronchial Colds

Pneumonia, "flu" and other dangerous maladies develop from common colds. To prevent trouble take Buckley's Mixture. It quickly relieves the cough and removes the cause. It is free from old-fashioned syrups. It's a scientific combination of proven virtues. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

W. K. Buckley, Limited, 142 Mutual St., Toronto 2 524 **BUCKLEY'S MIXTURE** Acts like a flash—single sip proves it.

ONE MAN IN EACH COUNTY TO SELL WASHO. Best seller, Great repeater. Washes clothes without rubbing and cleans everything like magic. Different. Beats everything. \$100 weekly, easy. Sample free. P. A. LEFEBVRE & CO., Alexandria, Ont.

WESTERN FARMS WANTED FOR Eastern and American Buyers. Write E. G. Macpherson, Moose Jaw, Sask.

1 OFFER TO INVENTORS. SEND for our free list of inventions wanted, and free advice. The Ramsey Company, International Patent Attorneys, 273 Bank St., Ottawa.

Mothers Prefer It

Because they know it is safe and sure, and the children like to take it.

Dependable for sudden Croup. **Chamberlain's Cough Remedy** No Narcotics—25c and 50c

Give the children **SHILOH FOR COUGHS**

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1 BRONCHITIS. No. 2 ASTHMA. No. 3 FOR BLEEDING CATARRH. No. 4 FOR BLOOD & SKIN DISEASES. No. 5 FOR CHRONIC WOUNDS. Sold by leading Chemists, or return mail from Dr. J. C. LEBLANC, 100, Boulevard de la Gare, N.W., Canada.

Stays lit in Any Wind—Does Not Smoke **SMP BEACON LANTERNS** SOLD EVERYWHERE

Experiments In Hemp Growing In Western Canada Prove That Industry Is Practicable

Investigation and experiment in hemp growing in Western Canada, which was progressing favorably before the war, was brought to a standstill with the outbreak of hostilities and was not resumed for some time afterwards. Recently, however, work prosecuted energetically by the Development Branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway in co-operation with the Department of Agriculture of the Dominion Government and the Department of Natural Resources of the same railway, has further established the suitability of the lands of the irrigated sections of Southern Alberta to this crop and paved the way to industrial manufacture involving the use of hemp. There would now appear to be no reason why the Prairie Provinces should not have a hemp-growing industry and engage in the manufacture of products now imported into the Dominion to the extent of some five million dollars annually. Careful analysis of the exhaustive work of experts fully justifies the conclusion that the hemp industry in Western Canada can be made a commercial and industrial success.

After preliminary experiments in 1921, three acres of hemp were seeded in 1925 in the irrigation block at the St. Julien Colony, east of Calgary, at Wilby, Alberta. The three acres were subjected to different irrigations though the exceptional rainfall of the season largely equalized the effect of these treatments. The full results of the experiment carried out by the above-named organizations have now been made available and are in every way gratifying and encouraging.

At harvest the stand of hemp was described by experts as a "bumper crop" of exceptional quality. One acre was cut and left in bundles on the ground to test the rotting effect of exposure during the winter and spring. On examination in the following spring, it was found that though the hemp had not been spread, the outside bundles were exposed to the winter weather had been sufficiently rotted. It was concluded that if properly spread on the ground under normal winter conditions, the hemp could be sufficiently rotted in this manner. One acre was cut, spread to dry for about ten days, and then shipped to a mill at Forest, Ontario. One acre was cut and spread for rotting. It was intended to irrigate this after spreading, but the unusually wet season made this unnecessary. This hemp received an excellent rot on the ground where it was grown and was then shipped to Forest for scutching.

Shipments from the two acres shipped to the mill at Forest yielded 1,075 lbs. of dressed hemp, 105 lbs. of fine tow, and 149 lbs. of tagged tow. The three shipped to twine mills at Kitchener was manufactured into a number of different grades of commercial twine, for which it proved entirely satisfactory. A total of 750 lbs. of twine hemp was produced, 450 lbs. being grade A, 250 lbs. grade B, and 50 lbs. dark hemp. The Alberta hemp, it is stated, graded equal to Italian T.B. hemp or Wisconsin hemp, which at prevailing prices would make the Southern Alberta producer laid down at an eastern manufacturing plant worth about 12c a pound.

The successful results of these investigations and experiments open up great agricultural and industrial possibilities for Southern Alberta. This situation is ripe for commercial enterprise to take hold. A central hemp mill must be established and a sufficient acreage guaranteed for its operation (say 200 acres for a moderate sized plant) before the farmer can receive any return for putting in a hemp crop. The operation lends itself to co-operative organization among farmers within a suitable hauling radius. An elaborate and complete analysis of the cost of production, mill operation, etc., has been prepared by the Development Branch, Department of Colonization and Development, Canadian Pacific Railway, Montreal.

Fish Freezing Plant

The first plant in Canada, outside of British Columbia, for the freezing of fish, poultry and eggs under the Otteson process, will be operating in Edmonton by June 1st, according to P. Johnson, managing director of the Johnson Fisheries, Limited. His firm paid \$10,000 for the rights of the territory. The initial capacity of the plant will be fifteen tons a day.

Saskatchewan Wool Crop

Shipments of Saskatchewan wool are rising in volume. For the season to date 660,000 lbs. have gone forth as compared with 449,000 during the same period of 1925.

W. N. H. 1926

Many Immigrants Arrive

Immigration to Canada for First Nine Months of 1926 Shows 66 Per Cent Increase

Immigration to Canada for the first nine months of the calendar year 1926 shows an increase of 66 per cent over the same period a year ago, according to a statement issued by the department of Immigration and Colonization.

In the nine months, January to September, inclusive, immigration to Canada amounted to 112,835 as compared with 67,878 for the same nine months in 1925. Of the 1926 immigration 41,419 were British, 16,776 from the United States and 54,640 from other countries.

The returns show substantial increases in all three classifications.

During September, 1926, immigration to Canada consisted of 4,152 British, 1,990 from United States, and 6,267 from other countries, a total of 12,409, compared with 6,666 in the same month a year ago. For August the immigration of 4,125 British, 2,652 from the United States, 7,269 from other countries, a total of 13,946 compared with 9,812 for August, 1925.

Saskatchewan Industries

Ten Industries Produced Goods to the Value of Over Twenty-six Million Dollars

According to final statistics the ten leading industries of Saskatchewan produced goods to the value of \$26,048,000 in 1924—an increase of \$3,273,921 over 1923. The ten leading industries are: Flour, butter and cheese; printing and publishing, electric light and power; bread and bakery products; planing mills; cash and deer factories; dyeing, cleaning and laundry work; aerated and mineral waters, and sawmills. Business concerns covering this broad field numbered 524 in the year in question, with a combined capital of \$22,124,501.

British Boys Coming

Will Attend Alberta Agricultural Schools This Winter

More British boys are coming to attend the Alberta Agricultural Schools this winter. About 70 are expected, of whom 12 are already on the way, according to Provincial Government officials. The boys will be divided among the schools at Olds, Claresholm and Raymond. Next spring the Federal Government will undertake the placing of these boys when they reach Canada after their five months' training. The boys come to this country under the assisted passage scheme of the British Government.

Should Not Be Delayed

Farmers Are Entitled to Adequate Protection Against Fire

To the farmer has come in recent years the telephone, the motor car, the radio, hydro-electric energy, the rural mail delivery and other conveniences to make his life less lonely and to remove many of the disadvantages of living in the country. Among many of the advantages that have not yet come his way except in a few communities, is protection against fire. And we wish to point out that there is no reason why this should be long delayed.—Simcoe Reformer.

B.C. Tree Seeds Shipped To New Zealand

The largest shipment of tree seeds ever made within the British Empire was that of 3,200 lbs. of yellow pine seed sent from New Westminster to New Zealand by the Dominion Government seed extraction plant at the former place. A further cargo of 2,500 lbs. of seed is to follow shortly. This seed will be planted on waste lands in New Zealand.

B.C. Lumber For Britain

"British Columbia Houses, Ltd." is the name of a new company capitalized at \$100,000; the object being to engage in export of mill cut lumber for the erection of houses in London, England. Land has been purchased in England for the site of these dwellings.

Proposed Jam Factory

A proposal to construct a large dehydrating plant, jam factory, and vinegar and elder mill at Kelowna, B.C., to take care of waste fruit products of the district is being considered by the municipal council.

In order to forecast the weather with a reasonable degree of accuracy all you have to do is predict anything you don't expect.

Use Of Fertilizers

Manure for Grain Crops in the Prairie Provinces

Farmers in the prairie provinces have not hitherto been required to consider very seriously the fertility of the soil, but with the livestock population in that region constantly increasing, the question arises as to the most effective use of manure. With the object of determining the value of barnyard manure for wheat, oats and barley and the proper time and method of applying it, a series of experiments have been conducted at the Scott, Sask., experimental station. The results of these experiments are detailed in the latest report of the Superintendent of the Station, which may be obtained from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

In all the experiments the manure was applied at the rate of 12 tons per acre. In the experiments with wheat, which have been conducted for eleven years, rotted manure applied previous to ploughing summer fallow has increased the average yield of the first crop by three bushels per acre in one experiment and seven bushels in another. Applying rotted manure previous to spring ploughing has given a higher average yield than previous to fall ploughing, but part of the higher yield is no doubt due to the time of ploughing, as spring ploughing has consistently given the highest yield at the Scott station. Fresh manure applied in winter has not increased the yield of wheat materially.

In the case of oats, fresh manure applied in winter on fall ploughing increased the yield by 10.1 bushels per acre. Rotted manure applied after seeding on fall ploughing increased the yield 5.2 bushels per acre, and applied just before fall ploughing brought about an increase of 10.2 bushels. As to barley, the highest increase of nine bushels per acre was obtained by applying rotted manure just before fall ploughing.

The results therefore indicate that manure is most valuable when applied in a rotted condition just before ploughing rather than after ploughing or after seeding.

Good Market for Flax Straw

Flax straw is now in considerable demand in the United States and is moving from Saskatchewan across the border. Minneapolis manufacturing concerns are finding the local flax straw supply insufficient and are extending their purchases into Manitoba and Saskatchewan. Farmers who have flax straw are being advised to hold their stacks as prospects are good for finding a market for large supplies.

Alberta Oil Wells

The Stockton Oil Well has struck a flow of gas at a depth of 1,654 feet in the northwest area of Turner Valley. In the Vulcan well, in the same valley, the flow of gas is now swollen by 250,000 cubic feet per day with drilling at the 4,961 foot level. Vulcan's total flow of naphtha gas is now 2,550,000 cubic feet per day; the gas is wet and drilling is cautious.



English Peer Concludes Visit

The Earl of Elgin and Kincardine has been tremendously impressed with what he has seen of Canadian development during his recent visit to the Dominion, at the invitation of the National Council of Education. Lord Elgin, accompanied by Lady Elgin, arrived in Montreal recently on the

Success Of Sask. Wheat Pool

A Story of Successful Endeavor and Rapid Growth

At the second annual meeting of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Wheat Producers, Ltd., held recently in Regina, the annual report told a story of successful endeavor and rapid growth. At the time of the presentation of the report the membership had reached a total of 78,785, representing 10,492,413 acres of wheat under contract. This acreage is 79 per cent of the total under wheat in Saskatchewan. The Coarse Grains Pool had 37,312 contractors having a total acreage of 1,735,302 in oats, 271,333 in barley, 362,199 in flax and 109,500 in rye.

The amount of grain marketed for the last season up to July 31, 1926, was: wheat 129,713,876 bushels; oats 6,659,646 bushels; barley 2,569,071 bushels; flax 1,353,617 bushels; rye 783,820 bushels. There are 582 country elevators in the Saskatchewan Pool Elevator system and there are under control terminal elevators with a total capacity of 17,075,000 bushels, the purchase of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Co. system having included two terminal elevators at Port Arthur, the Transfer Elevator at Buffalo, N.Y., and the lease of the Canadian National Railways Terminal Elevator at Port Arthur.

Alberta Corn Show

Next Provincial Show Is To Be Held In Calgary

The next Alberta Provincial Corn show will be held at Calgary. This was decided at the first annual meeting of the Alberta Corn Growers' association, held at Medicine Hat, in connection with the corn show there.

Hon. H. Bark, of Brooks, was continued in the presidency of the organization. Other officers elected at the annual meeting were: Vice-president, D. H. Hummon, Carmangay; directors, James Murray, Medicine Hat; J. A. Jochem, Milk River; W. H. Fairfield, Lethbridge; George Worthy, Medicine Hat, and Gordon Walker, M.L.A., Claresholm.

A constitution and bylaws were adopted, and the corn growers of the province are now regularly organized. A corn show is to be held each year, 50 provisional directors to be appointed by the directorate, and every effort will be made to spread the growing of corn as part of the regular farm programmer throughout the over extending corn belt of Alberta.

Measure Height of Waves

With the aid of a special camera, sea waves were photographed during a rough sea recently, and it was found that the waves reached 27 feet in height. In a violent gale it was found the waves reached a height of 35 feet, while ordinary waves were said to be 6 to 12 feet high.

He—Wrinkles don't worry me.

She—Of course not. A man who is as careless about his clothes as you are naturally doesn't mind whether his skin fits him or not.

Shelter Belts Planted by Farmers Of Western Prairies Have An Estimated Value of \$60,000,000

New Cheese Being Marketed

Put Up in Small Package by Experimental Farm at Agassiz, B.C.

A British Columbia cheese on the lines so far as package and marketing appearance is concerned of a very popular proprietary cheese, has been manufactured at the Agassiz Dominion Experimental farm, and is just being introduced on the market. The cheese requires from three to four months to mature. It is put up, made, in handy size for the housewife or apartment dweller, attractively wrapped in tin foil paper, has no rind and no waste from the purchaser's point of view.

It has a distinctive flavor, and is of excellent quality. The butter fat devoted to cheese manufacture should return 80c per lb. as a minimum, says Superintendent W. H. Hicks, of the Agassiz farm. Some of the Agassiz cheese return much more than that—their famed Stilton, for instance, returns \$1.30 per lb. for the butterfat used in its manufacture.

Plenty Of Irrigation Projects

More Room for Irrigation Development In Alberta

That there is in Southern and Central Alberta plenty of room for more settlers on irrigation projects is disclosed in a report for the year 1925 on irrigation development in Alberta by the Department of the Interior. In this report the irrigable area is set at 1,227,050 acres and the irrigated area at 134,072. In addition to these larger projects there are 496 small individual schemes within the province for which water has been appropriated. The combined irrigable area in these smaller schemes is about 60,000 acres.

Homestead Land Available

Entries in Prairie Provinces Continue on a Large Scale

Homestead entries in the four western provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, continue on a much larger scale this year than last. September's entries, as reported by N. O. Cote, Controller of the Department of the Interior, were 364 or an increase of 125 over the same month last year. Saskatchewan heads the list with 189 entries, as against 92 last year; Alberta comes next with 118, as against 107; Manitoba shows 48, compared with 29 last year, while British Columbia dropped from 11 last year to 9 this.

Returns From Saskatchewan Crops

Farmers received Total of \$534,896, 480 From 1925 Crops

Saskatchewan farmers in 1925 took in \$531,806,450 from the sale of grain, field crops and livestock, according to the annual report of R. W. Neely, statistician for the Provincial Department of Agriculture. The grains, including flax, made up \$351,990,000 of the total field crops—peas, beans, potatoes, roots, corn, hay, clover, alfalfa, etc., brought \$12,675,000; farm products, including butter, cheese, milk, wool, furs, poultry, etc., added another \$55,017,450 and livestock \$135,117,000.

Manitoba Honey

One Apiary Produces Thirty Thousand Pounds This Year

The bees were busy in Manitoba this year, yielding a crop of honey 50 per cent larger than that of last year, according to L. P. Floyd, Provincial Apiarist. During the year 250 new beekeepers were added to the roster, swelling the list to 2,250 members. One apiary produced 30,000 lbs. of honey, while one hive in central Winnipeg furnished 169 lbs. of marketable honey.

Varied Currencies in China

There are 200 or more distinct currencies in use in China. Some of these are good in all provinces, some are good in a few and worthless in others. Some are good only in the province where they originate. The value of the currencies that pass in various provinces is by no means the same in all parts of the country.

Charity begins at home—but if you haven't got a home of your own you can easily get the loan of one to practice on.

A good resolution: Don't get angry at whatever views anybody else holds. You don't make him renounce them by cursing or slandering him.

Palms are regarded by the people of Egypt as symbols of peace and rest and are held sacred.

According to a report of the Dominion Forestry department the farmers of Western Canada have during the past twenty-five years planted trees at the rate of 10,000 a day. If all these trees had grown the prairies would present a forest aspect today. Unfortunately many of them died before they got a fair start in life.

However, it is gratifying to learn that as a result of this effort the tree line has been pushed at least 100 miles further west and that the shelter belts planted by prairie farmers have an estimated value today of \$60,000,000. That is an encouraging result for a quarter century of painstaking effort.

From the time the government engaged the late Alexander Mitchell as its prairie tree planting representative and gave him a free hand to travel the country over with his demonstration forestry exhibits, there has been a marked difference in the attitude of the people concerning trees. Alexander Mitchell died, but the work he started will never stop. It may move more slowly, but always there will be steady increase in the number of tree and shrub-sheltered farmsteads spread over the land which Mr. Mitchell loved and labored for.

If there is a qualified man available to take the late Mr. Mitchell's place the government should not hesitate a moment in engaging him to carry on the noted tree-planter's work. Not in our time, but eventually, a continuance of the tree planting campaign will bring about a veritable transformation in our whole prairie territory, to the great betterment of agriculture and the great advantage of the people whose homes are here. Calgary Herald.

Co-Operative Fruit Marketing

Organization Now Controls About Two-thirds of Tree Fruits of B.C.

Most of the fruit grown in British Columbia is marketed by the Associated Growers of British Columbia, Ltd., a co-operative organization with a membership of about 3,000 fruit growers. These growers produce about two-thirds of the tree fruits of the province. The organization was formed in 1920, and serves as a selling agency for 32 affiliated local units which receive and pack the fruit and ship under instructions from the selling agency.

Apples are the main product handled. These are shipped under the "O.K." brand, red, blue and white labels being used. In the 1925 season 3,022 cars of apples were shipped, of which 2,286 cars were sold in Canada, 329 cars went to Great Britain, 116 cars to New Zealand, 69 to the United States, 66 to Scandinavia, and the remainder to South Africa, Germany, China and Belgium. Large quantities of soft fruits and vegetables were also sold. The 1925 apple crop is considerably larger than that of 1925 and already the Association has shipped a much larger volume than in the entire season last year.

Jewish Settlers

To Operate Training School for Young Jewish Farmers in Alberta

The establishment of a training school in central Alberta for young Jewish farmers, similar to that being operated in the East under the auspices of the Federated Jewish Farmers of Ontario, L. H. P. New, a man of Edmonton, who is organizing a western committee to assist in the settlement of numbers of his countrymen on farms in this province. The Ontario project, which has been supported by Jewish capital, is said to have been very successful and a number of students have already been trained and taken up land of their own.

Restored The Color

Tommy (to old lady who has lost her cat): "I've brought your cat that you lost, mum. He fell into a pall of whiteness, but he's all right now."

Old Lady: "Did you wash him, then?"

Bobble: "Oh, no, mum. I just shoved him into a bag of soot to make him black again."

One of the recent banquets at the Hotel Astor in New York City was called a "speechless dinner." The usual addresses were printed and distributed to the four hundred diners. A worthy precedent.

A man's head is like his pocket book—it's not the outside appearance but what it contains that counts.

The ancients used ostrich eggs

shells for drinking cups.



Cuticura Talcum Is Unexcelled in Purity

Its delicately medicated, antiseptic properties make it ideal for daily use.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: Canadian Agents: "Blenheim Ltd., Montreal." Price, Soap 25c, Cuticura 25c and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Dr. J. R. Hayes, personal physician to Abraham Lincoln, died at Washington, at the age of 95. He had wanted to live to be 100.

Major Charles William Orr, colonial secretary at Gibraltar, has been appointed Governor and Commander-in-Chief in the Bahamas.

Dr. Franz Exner, famous as a physicist, died in Vienna recently. He was noted for his calculations of the size of molecules and other achievements.

Formosa's 120,000 head hunters have not caused the Rev. Thomas Barclay to leave any sleep in all his 52 years as a missionary on the island, and he has gone back to his work after six months leave in England.

Canada's total area, estimated as soon to fall short up to October 31, last for the season, 1927, excluding British Columbia, is 807,900 acres, as compared with 992,000 acres, the area shown in 1925 for 1926.

Reckless automobile driving cost the lives of 70 persons in Canada in October and injuries to 50 others. Forty crossing accidents were reported, in 31 of which automobiles were involved.

The eighth Canadian egg laying contest is being conducted at the experimental farm, Ottawa. The contest is made up of eighty pens. The entries again cover a very wide area, the West being represented as follows: British Columbia, 11 pens; Alberta, 2 pens.

The Arab tribesman who shot and killed A. G. Elliott, mechanic for the British aviator, Alan J. Cobham, last July, while making his London-Australian flight, has been found guilty of manslaughter. He was sentenced to five years "rigorous imprisonment."

The annual provincial seed fair, under the auspices of the provincial department of agriculture and Alberta Seed Growers' association, will be held this season in Edmonton on January 18, 19, 20 and 21. The annual convention of the Provincial Seed Growers' association will be held at the same time.

British Nation's Income

Estimated Average is Over One Pound Per Week for Each Person

The estimated income of Great Britain, say the Inland Revenue Commissioners, is now 2,599 million pounds, over 41 a week for every inhabitant.

Of this amount the Inland Revenue took 510 millions in income tax, super tax, and death duties. Super tax was paid on incomes over £2,000 by 87,000 people, and 121 of them had incomes of £100,000.

Death duties were paid on 166,000 estates; but 26,000 of these were £200 or less. One estate was over three millions, and there were 12 between one and two millions.

Wise is the woman who knows how to manage a husband, but wiser is she who knows how to manage without one.

A blackhead is a man who is unable to fit his opinions to your channel.

In the Stable

Minard's is invaluable for strains, bruises, cuts, swellings.



W. N. U. 1656

The Drift To The Towns

By C. W. Peterson

We cannot escape the conclusion that the drift from farm to city is the direct cause of a subsequent drift from Canada to the United States. Also that the former cannot be regarded as a mere accident, but has a substantial social and economic foundation. Whether or not the causes can be wholly eliminated is a question which might possibly have to be answered in the negative, because they are to a very large degree of world-wide occurrence. That this exodus from farm to city in Canada could be severely checked is, however, a fact which cannot be successfully refuted.

Our gross agricultural plant last year was worth 7½ billion dollars with a production of 7,716 million, which represents solid, new wealth. If we take this total agricultural production and deduct the cash outlay of Canadian farmers for hired labor, seed and fertilizer, amounting to 385 million dollars, and allow a per cent on capital invested in agriculture, or 450 million dollars, we get a net average return to the individual farm operator of \$870 for his year's work, which must be shared by his wife and children, if any, who did productive, unpaid work on the farm. Applying it all on account of the farmers' own wages, however, on a ten-hour day basis, we get an hour rate of 29 cents. Compared with factory workers at 56½ cents per hour; railroad workers, 58.3 cents per hour; miners, 53.4 cents per hour, and workers in building trades, \$1.06 per hour, it does not look particularly inviting, even conceding that the farmer lives rent free. We have apparently here ample explanation of the drift to the cities of our young Canadian farm population.

Mr. Otto H. Kahn, the famous American multi-millionaire banker, dealing with the agricultural situation in the United States, recently made the following trenchant observation: "If there is one calling which has a higher claim than another upon the helpful consideration of the State it is that of the farmer. The farmer's problem is part of our problem. The farmer's welfare is an essential part of our welfare."

"It is harmful and menacing to the commonwealth that so numerous and so valuable a portion of the population should feel dissatisfied and resentful and be without property. The situation lends itself peculiarly to the incoherence and wiles of the demagogue and to the plausible figments of the economic visionary."

"Both justice and self-interest demand of the community at large that every legitimate endeavor be put forth to the end that the farmer's grievances be redressed. If that redress can only be accomplished by methods which, while practicable and economically warrantable and sound, are not effective, are novel and perhaps unpalatable to the established ways of business, then the less important will have to yield to the more important, i.e., business convenience and customs to the real situation of the farming industry."

"It is not sufficient answer to the farmer's complaint to refer him sternly to the right functioning of the law of supply and demand and to the doctrine of the survival of the fittest; because in reply the farmer will contend that, in other respects, for reasons which seemed valid to Congress, we have not scrupled to interfere, through acts of governments and otherwise, with the unhampered workings of that law and that doctrine. And he will and does claim that we either adhere to them strictly all round or give him the effective advantage of dispensations similar to those which have been granted in the case of other callings."

Mr. Kahn has a reputation for sound, constructive thinking, and his views might well be seriously considered by all classes of Canadians. Coupled with a vigorous immigration policy, we must develop a new interest in the problem of increased agricultural development.

Won The Wager

His climbing abilities laughed at by a group of young Alpinists, an eighty-four-year-old Alpine guide, of Innsbruck challenged them to a race up and down the Zugspitze mountain, 9,000 feet high, for a wager of a dinner. Nine young climbers accepted the challenge and reached the summit slightly ahead of the veteran, but during the descent he passed all other competitors, and arrived at Innsbruck half an hour before the next man.

There are books in the British Museum inscribed on oyster shells, bricks, tiles, bones, ivory, lead, iron, copper, sheepskin, wood and palm leaves.

Men buried in snow can hear every word uttered by persons on the outside, but their own loudest shouts are inaudible.



Food! Felt Like

Vinegar In Stomach

Brooklyn, N. Y. Mr. A. Arustan says:—"No matter what I ate, it seemed to turn to a vinegar like acid as soon as it went down. I was bilious, belched gas, and acids rose in my mouth. Appetite was poor. I took Carter's Little Liver Pills for just one week. This certainly was a fine remedy for me."

Treat a constipated condition in a sensible manner, cause the bowels to move daily free from pain. Carter's Little Liver Pills are for every member of the family. Small, sugar coated, easy to take.

Druggists, 25¢ and 50¢ red packages.

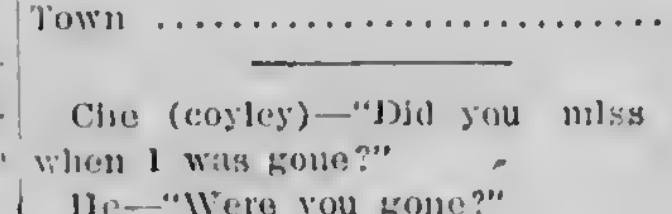
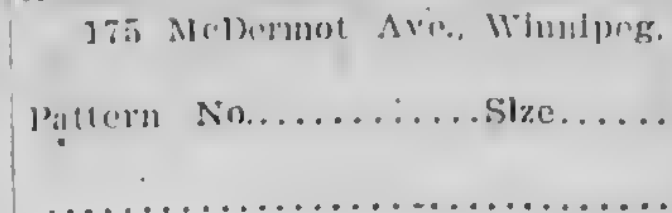
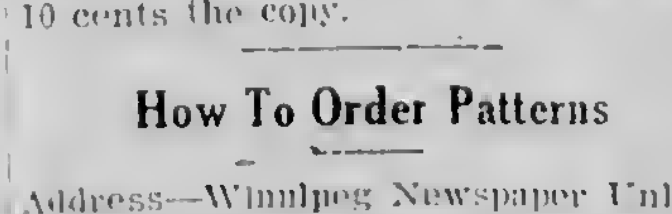
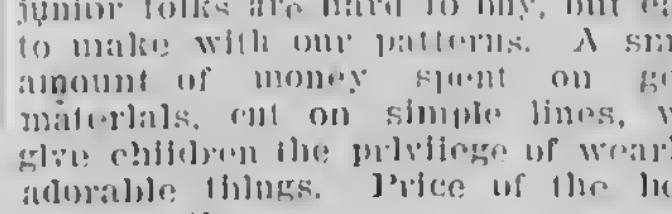
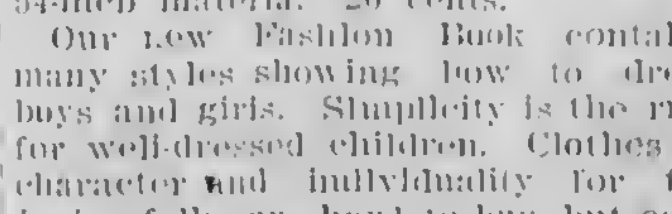
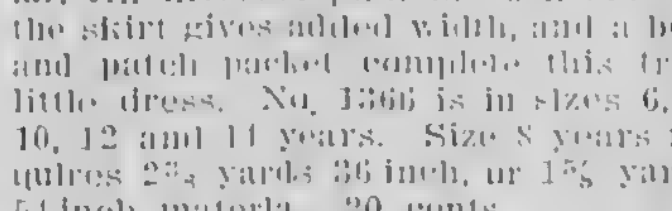
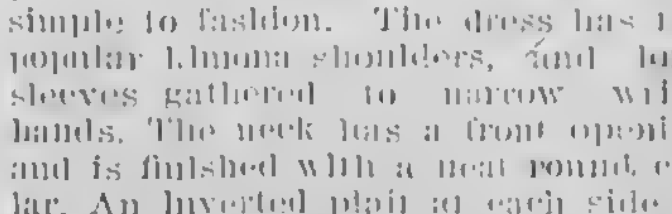
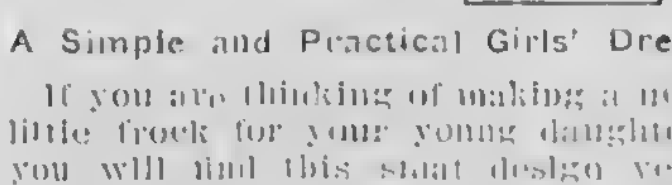
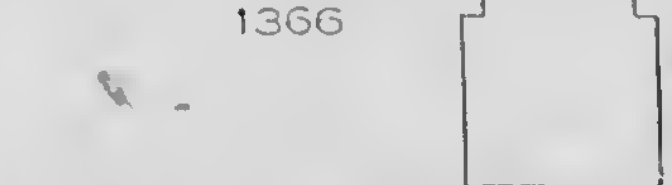
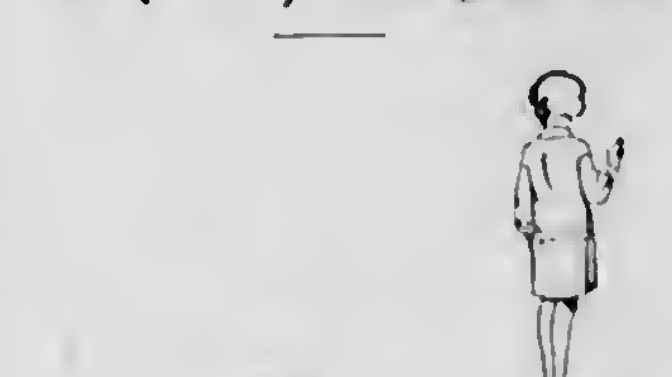
Chicago's Crime Record

More Murders in First Ten Months of This Year Than Whole of 1925

Thirteen more murders and 52 more cases of manslaughter have occurred in Chicago during the first ten months of 1926 than for a corresponding period last year, according to a crime report made public today.

A total of 136 murders have been recorded against 123 for the corresponding period in 1925, while manslaughter cases have increased from 112 to 161, the report states.

Traffic violations, the same report shows, have jumped from 89,412 to 169,997, while robberies dropped from 2,330 to 2,191, and liquor violations from 6,119 to 5,250.



Micmac Guide Noted for Moose Calling



SAM GLODE, MICMAC GUIDE.

When a hunting expedition headed by James W. Stuber, sportsman-editor of Columbus, Ohio, in the interests of the Ohio State Museum, set off into the wilds of Nova Scotia recently, Sam Glode, famous Micmac Indian guide, was engaged by the party to bring his noted moose-calling abilities into play. Few guides are wiser to the habits of big game than Glode, and as the hunters lay in ambush they listened to the answer of a bull-moose nearly a mile away. Call after call sounded from Glode's birch bark horn and each time the bull's answer came; a little nearer. The hunters waited in suspense till the moose crashed through into a clearing and advanced to within twenty-six yards of the guide. Wonderful tests of moose calling have been accomplished but according to guides and seasoned hunters in the vicinity where the moose was killed, the test of calling moose to within a distance of twenty-six yards has never been duplicated. In reporting the results of their hunt at the tourist department of the Canadian Pacific Railway in Montreal, Mr. Stuber stated that his specimen for the museum was one of the finest that could be obtained.

Drives Out Rheumatism Subdues Lumbago

Brings Ease and Comfort to the Sufferer at Once

NERVILINE

A King Over Pain

Those who seek permanent relief from the grinding pain of Rheumatism and Lumbago should read the letter of F. E. Normand, from Georgetown, who writes:

"I was fairly crippled with aching joints and Rheumatism. Nerviline must have been what I needed, because it cleared up my trouble quickly."

"If you need a reliable, strong, penetrating pain remedy, one you can depend on, get a 35c bottle of Nerviline today; it will make you well quickly."

Balmoral Castle Improved

Made More Comfortable Than in Queen Victoria's Time

Balmoral Castle has changed a good deal since the Victorian era. It is now by no means the comfortable place it was when King Edward vowed that "one could catch a different kind of cold in every room." Edwardian improvements were many, and in recent times Queen Mary's able mind has dealt with the Castle's problems, and both the Royal family and the staff are said to be as comfortable in Balmoral as in any of the Royal residences. The reason why the Prince of Wales seldom visits Balmoral is said to be due to the fact that neither fishing nor shooting makes a strong appeal to him.

A Scotsman, invited to a golden wedding, was told that each guest would be expected to raise a golden present. He took a goldfish.—London Tit-Bits.

Banks complete but they never give away samples.

Idleness is the incubator of a great many small sins.



MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Wholesome Cleansing Refreshing

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

NOVEMBER 28

GIDEON AND THE THREE HUNDRED

Golden Text: He strong in the Lord, and in the strength of his might.—Ephesians 6:10.

Lesson: Judges 7:1-25.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 27:1-6.

Explanations and Comments

J. The Faithful Depart, verses 1-2.—Gideon and his band were to fight against the Midianites under God's banner, and to God must be accorded the victory. Let they should boast of having themselves defeated their enemy, their numbers must be reduced. Gideon therefore directed all who were fearful to depart, and more than two-thirds of the warriors left the camp. Possibly the men who had braggard most of what they would do to the Midianites were the very ones who were afraid when they stood on the height and looked at the encampment of the enemy spread along the opposite side of the valley. The Crusaders who were the boldest in the council-chamber were the first to cry, "Surrender and pent" (Let him who can save himself.)

When God needs men for His work he chooses the hearts courageous. When the bugle sounds the martial note, some one has observed, there are many in the Church who suddenly remember an engagement that prevents them joining in the battle. The proportion of cowards at Gibeon turned out to be two in three. Would it be as low in moral battlefields of today?

Cheap Rates For Immigrants

Hon. Robt. Forke Negotiating for Renewal Agreement With Transportation Companies

Hon. Robert Forke, minister of immigration has announced that negotiations are now far advanced toward the renewal of the agreement whereby ocean and land transportation rates for immigrants were almost cut to one-third of the previous level. The agreement was entered into by the British and Canadian governments and the ocean and land transportation companies. The effect of the agreement was to reduce the ocean fare from more than \$90 to \$15, and the railway fare from point of disembarkation to Winnipeg from more than \$75 to less than \$25. There were similarly sweeping reductions in the fares to all Canadian cities.

Without such an agreement it is clear that immigration would fall away to the vanishing point. The present agreement expires soon.

Mr. Forke stated that he had lost no time in taking up the problem of renewing this agreement. Negotiations were entered into some time ago with ocean and rail transportation companies as well as the British government. He felt certain that a renewal of the agreement would be agreed to and that the renewed agreement would run for two years or until January, 1929.

Some difficulty is being experienced with ocean shipping owners, who desire to obtain easier access to the Dominion for immigrants in return for the reduction in rates. The ship owners declared that the increase in traffic had not warranted the reductions. Mr. Forke intimated that he did not intend to consent to any weakening of the barriers now raised against undesirable immigration.

Wheat Pools Sell Most

Over Fifty-two Per Cent of Crop Handled by Pool

The Canadian Co-operative Wheat Producers Ltd., the Central Selling Agency of the Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba Wheat Pools handled in the crop year ending August 31st, 1926, 187,290,000 bushels of wheat out of a total of 357,559,637 bushels actually delivered to all agencies, private and co-operative. This handling by the Pools is over 52 per cent of the total deliveries.

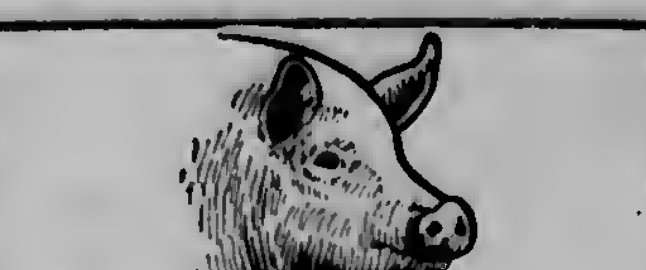
On the basis of No. 1 Northern Wheat at Fort William, Ontario, initial, two interim, and final payments were made amounting to \$1.45 per bushel. From this, deductions were made for freight to Fort William from the shipping point, elevator charges, elevator reserve, commercial reserve and operating expenses. The net price, therefore, depended on the freight charges, the grade, and how the wheat was delivered; elevator reserve, commercial reserve and operating expenses being the same per bushel for all.

A tame elephant eats more than one thousand pounds of green fodder and twenty-five pounds of unhusked rice daily.

A new air rifle capable of shooting 2,200 yards and piercing a steel plate three-twentieths of an inch thick has been invented.

It's easy for a rich man to die poor. All he has to do is acquire the lawsuit habit.

Wonder what Eve fussed about before Adam learned to smoke.



Free Government Pamphlet Reveals HOW TO GET MORE MONEY FROM HOGS

How to avoid breeding short, thick pigs, and how to develop those of a suitable bacon type; how to feed a sow to prevent her devouring her litter; methods of breeding to be avoided; how to get two good litters a year; how to pick the best brood sows—these are just a few of the helpful facts contained in the free pamphlet "Breeding and Feeding the Market Hog" issued by the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. It will pay you to get it. Use the form below.

"The Grading and Marking of Eggs"

Another helpful pamphlet. Tells the law relative to grading, inspecting, shipping of eggs, etc. Every poultry farmer should get this.

There are over five hundred free government pamphlets on all the different branches of farming. Write for the list of these publications. Fill in and mail this slip POST FREE to

PUBLICATIONS BRANCH
Department of Agriculture,
Ottawa, Ontario.

Please send me free pamphlets on _____ together with list of all free pamphlets.

Name _____ Post Office _____
R.R. No. _____ Province _____

Migration And The Dole

State Alm Giving is Affecting Welfare of the Empire

The young man asks himself why he should go to New Zealand, or Manitoba, or New South Wales, where he will have to work hard, when he can draw a pleasant and comfortable weekly allowance in England without any work at all. This is only human nature. Our vast expenditure on State alms-giving is thus directly affecting the welfare of the Empire and risking the position and future of our race in the world. For if British settlers cannot be found settlers from other countries will take their place.—London Daily Mail.

HAD BAD SPELLS WITH HER HEART

Mrs. R. G. Hall, Bolton Centre, Que., writes:—"Some time ago I had bad spells with my heart which I believe was caused by nervousness. I tried everything I could think of, but could get no relief until one of my friends persuaded me to get a box of



After I had taken a few boxes I got wonderful relief.

I now weigh one hundred and thirty-five pounds when, before, I never went over ninety."

Price 50c a box at all druggists or dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

New Advertising Stunt

Candy Company Dropped Chocolate Bombs Over Berlin From Airplane

Chocolate bombs dropped from airplanes as an advertising stunt by a Berlin candy company have brushed so many pedestrians that the police have halted the sweet bombardment. The company had been sending up two planes on Sundays. Every park, beer garden or street in which the fliers chanced to spot a crowd was bombarded with hard chocolates, wrapped in heavy foil, from an altitude of about 100 feet.

Many a seemingly successful man owes it all to his wife's father.

The worst fault of some people is telling other people theirs.

Love is the real thing until the newness begins to wear off.



Dominion Autonomy Is Great Milestone Along Way of Imperialism

London.—Among the members of the Canadian delegation there is keen satisfaction over the Dominions' charter. This report of the premier's committee of the Imperial Conference, with its ringing sentences, its precise statements, is regarded as a great milestone along the way of Imperial relations. It does not so much indicate grave constitutional departures—such as the comment one hears—as it crystallizes and applies principles of self-government which already were recognized, if at times somewhat hesitantly.

Premier Mackenzie King is reserving his considered comment. Nevertheless he was warm alike in praise of the report and in appreciation of the spirit of good fellowship which dominated the committee's proceedings. "The report states clearly those principles of Dominion autonomy for which Canada always contended," Mr. King said. "As the great charters of England set down liberties which had been won, so the report, in unmistakable language, sets down the principle that self-governing communities are equal in status."

More detailed examination of the report reveals to what extent it carries the principle that, in its own words, "every self-governing member of the Empire is now master of its own destiny." In no aspect of domestic or external affairs is one autonomous community within the Empire to be subordinate to another. So far as the Dominions are concerned the term "Imperial" disappears, although curiously enough the report frequently used the word "Empire" as well as "the British Commonwealth of Nations." In the changing of the King's title the term, "United Kingdom" also disappears.

British Ship Hunts For Chinese Pirates

Escaped in Life-boat After Attacking and Firing Cruiser

Hong Kong.—A boatload of passengers from the British steamer *Summing* which was boarded by pirates 80 miles from here and badly damaged in a fight which ensued between the *Summing* and two officers of the ship have been brought here by the British destroyer *Verity*.

Twelve pirates were killed in the fight. The attackers fired the ship, but the timely arrival of the British cruiser *Blanchell* saved it from destruction. Nine of the pirates were captured and the *Blanchell* is hunting others who escaped in a life-boat.

Wireless reports from the Chinese owned steamer *Hong Kong*, which is en route from Singapore to Hong Kong say there are 20 casualties aboard. It is thought here it may prove another case of piracy, but the report received was too vague for any definite conclusions.

Says English Are Lazy

Gloomy Dean of St. Paul's Cathedral Makes Another Discovery

London. Dean Inge, the "gloomy dean" of St. Paul's Cathedral, has about arrived at the conclusion that Englishmen generally are lazy.

A tendency to sloth and arrogance and a certain indulgence in eating and drinking were faults other nations saw in Englishmen, asserted the dean before the Bishopgate Institute, and in a way, he said, he agreed with this.

"On the whole," he said, "I think we are a lazy people; not only our workmen but the employers, right on down through the nation."

British Miners Against Accepting Government's Terms To End Strike

London.—The whole question of the coal settlement is again in confusion. The Miners' Federation secretary, A. J. Cook, today announced that the district vote was against acceptance of the Government's terms of settlement of the strike. All the large districts were opposed to the conditions. This came as a great surprise to the leaders of the delegate conference which had looked upon endorsement of the conference's agreement with the Government as a foregone conclusion.

France Planning To Cut Standing Army

Bills Call for Reduction From 650,000 to 400,000 Men

Paris.—Reduction of the total number of men under arms in France from 650,000 to 400,000 is called for in three bills which will be introduced in the Chamber of Deputies. The measures also call for a reduction in the period of compulsory military service from eighteen to twelve months.

The bills, which will be introduced by Minister of War Painleve, provide for the calling of conscripts at the age of 21 instead of at 20 and for the recruiting of volunteers numbering more than 100,000. The volunteers will relieve the conscripts from "fatigue details." Under this system the young soldiers will devote their entire year's training to purely military instruction.

The contingents of conscripts will be called up in half yearly sections in order to insure the presence under the flag of half the entire army with at least six months' training.

M. Painleve estimates that the new law will increase the expenditures of the War Department at the beginning, but he proposes to make up the additional sums needed from the sale and rental of idle property of the Department of War.

Airplanes Come To Aid Of Passengers

Drop Food For People Stranded on Desert Near Baghdad

London.—Pilots of the Royal Air Force have been engaged in dropping dates and other foods for stranded passengers in the cross-desert motor car services between Beirut and Baghdad, says a despatch to The Daily Mail from Baghdad. The distance of the cross-desert route is nearly 500 miles.

Many cars have been stuck fast for more than seven days in a sea of mud caused by an exceptional rainfall. The Basra-Baghdad Railroad has been washed out at several places and a number of houses in Baghdad have collapsed.

Northern Branch Line May Be Extended

Would Form Junction in Manitoba With H. B. Railway

Winnipeg.—Extension of the Canadian National branch line at Gypsumville, Man., to Grand Rapids, on the Saskatchewan River, was promised by Sir Henry Thornton on condition that the undertaking can be shown to be profitable, according to a delegation that waited on the C.N.R. president here.

The proposed extension would form a junction with the Hudson's Bay Railway. The delegation was composed of Mayor R. H. Webb, of Winnipeg, representative of the On-to-the-Bay Association and officials of other Manitoba organizations.

Refuses Prize Money

Bernard Shaw Will Accept the Honor But Not the Money

London.—George Bernard Shaw, noted British playwright who was awarded the 1926 Nobel prize for literature, is willing to accept the honor of the award but not the money prize, which usually amounts to about \$35,000.

Mr. Shaw proposed that the money should be used to encourage intercourse and understanding in literature and art between Sweden, where the award originated, and Great Britain.

West Captures Prizes

Championships Won in Competition With Best Cattle on American Continent

Toronto.—Stepping out in international company representing the cream of the cattle on the American continent, five head of Saskatchewan cattle won two championships, two reserve grand championships, two firsts, one third, one fourth and one fifth prize at the Royal Winter Fair here today.

Two Aberdeen Angus calves, shown by W. J. F. Warren, Belbeck, scored a triumph for their owner. "Black Monarch," 11-month-old bull calf, captured first place in the junior championship and reserve grand championship in succession, while "Miss Quality of Belbeck" gained exactly similar honors in the female Aberdeen Angus classes for Mr. Warren.

G. K. Allenby, Crossfield, Alta., walked off with the junior bull championship in dual purpose Shorthorns as well as the reserve grand championship.

Alberta made a killing in the Herefords, O. A. Jorges, Daysland, taking the male and female grand championships and both the senior championships, while Frank Collett, Crossfield, won the junior bull and reserve senior championships in female classes. These two men made a clean-up in the Hereford classes, capturing, in addition to championship ribbons, several premier and other prizes.

H. Hyslop and Son, Killarney, Man., also made a good showing in Herefords.

Young People Protest

Youth of Ontario Say They Are Progressing Along the Right Lines

Toronto.—A resolution repudiating "the propaganda carried on by those interested in the return of the free sale of liquor which has represented the young people of this province in most unfortunate terms," and calling for wholehearted support of the Ontario Temperance Act, were the tangible results of three meetings held here which 7,000 young people from Toronto and district attended.

Passing of the resolution followed addresses by several young men and women prominent in university and other circles in Toronto. At each meeting the speakers stressed the contention that young people were not going to the "how-views" as some people thought but were progressing along the right lines.

Dealing With China

No Policy of Brutal Force To Be Used By Powers

London.—Downing Street is not aware that a "policy of brutal force" is contemplated against China by the foreign powers.

Sepator Dorah, chairman of the United States Senate foreign relations committee, recently warned the powers against the adoption of any imperialistic or ruthless attitude toward China.

Neither is it feared that the forthcoming report of the extra territoriality commission will be made an excuse for intervention in China. In fact it is stated, the British will be disappointed if the report does not help to reconcile the present Chinese factions.

He'd Rather Dodge a Bear Than a Motor



Col. Moore giving advice on a mountain journey to a fair visitor at Banff.

An encounter with a grizzly in the heart of the Canadian Pacific Rockies is a time experience compared with dodging through traffic in Montreal, according to Col. Phil A. Moore, pioneer guide of Banff, Alberta, who arrived at Windsor Station, Montreal, over C.P.R. lines recently.

But of course, Col. Moore feels differently about bears and other wild animals than most people do. He knows them intimately, and has made a careful study of their habits and dis-

Says Canada Is Prosperous

President of Canadian Bankers' Association Reviews Financial Situation

Montreal.—A comprehensive review of the business and financial situation in this country the past year, and the factors leading to the general improvement which has taken place were contained in the address by C. E. Neill, president of the Canadian Bankers' Association and general manager of the Royal Bank of Canada, who told a tale of prosperity at the annual general meeting of that body held in Montreal. Mr. Neill stated that the wave of prosperity was reflected in a pronounced improvement in the banking situation in the Dominion and also dealt at some length with the return of this country to the gold standard, which was accomplished without any stress or strain whatsoever.

Not in agriculture alone is found evidence of Canada's prosperity, stated Mr. Neill, who added that railroad earnings are satisfactory, building was most active during the past year, newsprint production has exceeded that of the United States, automobile production and export were at record level and that generally various lines of manufacture show satisfactory growth.

To Ratify G.T.P. Payment

Will Bring Down Legislation to Give Effect to Arrangement

Ottawa.—Hon. C. A. Dunning, Minister of Railways and Canals, announced that it is the intention of the federal government to bring down legislation at the December session of Parliament to give effect to the arrangement which was reached in London in September last by representatives of the Canadian National Railways and the holders of Grand Trunk Pacific four per cent debenture stock, over the payment of interest. There has been difficulty and dispute since the Grand Trunk Pacific was thrown into receivership in 1919 by the action of the former management. Advances received from London indicate that already the holders of more than 81 per cent of the issue outstanding have accepted the arrangements. On this side, the scheme of arrangement requires to be ratified by Parliament.

Canada Saves Interest

Notes Held by Public Redeemed in Cash on Maturity

Ottawa. Hon. J. A. Robt, Minister of Finance, gave notice that the two year 4 per cent notes amounting to \$8,000,000, dated November 15, 1921, were redeemed in cash of November 15 last. He further stated that the amount of Canada's indebtedness in the hands of the public which matured October 1 last, amounted to \$35,000,000, which he had been able to redeem in cash out of current revenues. By the use of current revenues for this purpose Canada had saved \$1,729,000 in annual interest charges.

To Hold Aloof Politically

Calgary. Executives of the U.F.A. in session here reaffirmed the principle laid down a year ago that U.F.A. members preserve their identity in the House of Commons as a group and not in any manner amalgamate or become part of any other group not organized on the same basis for political action as the U.F.A.

Lower Rates Announced For British Immigrants Under New Arrangements

Desires Friendship Of Western Provinces

German Consul Says Government Wishes to be Friendly With Canada

Winnipeg.—Germany desires to make her relations with Canada, especially the Western provinces, as friendly as possible, said Dr. M. Lavrenz, newly appointed German consul for Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, on the occasion of the opening of his headquarters here.

Dr. Lavrenz said that German farmers were emigrating to Canada and it was therefore the desire of the German Government to inform itself as to conditions awaiting the emigrant.

The new German consul served during the past four years as consul for the German legation at Rome, Italy, and was for six months acting consul-general at Montreal.

London Firm Insures Turkish Cruiser

Is Ship That Decided Turkey to Join Germany in War

London.—There is a flavor of irony in the fact, says The Daily Mail, that insurance of about \$5,000,000 has been placed with Lloyds, London, against risks of damage to the Turkish cruiser *Sultan Yavuz Selim*, formerly the German *Goechen*, which is being lifted into dock at Goldfish, near Constantinople, for repairs by German engineers. Early in the war, the *Goechen*, then belonging to Germany, arrived in Constantinople after a spectacular escape from British pursues in the Mediterranean. The arrival of the *Goechen* through the Dardanelles was one of the factors leading Turkey to join Germany instead of the allies in the war.

Union Jack Painted On British Vessels

Plan to Protect Ships Plying in Chinese Waters

Shanghai.—In an effort to prevent their being attacked by the Chinese militia along the Yangtze river, many British vessels plying in Chinese waters are having the Union Jack painted on their sides. Shippers hope this will make firing on them or commandeering them inexcusable. The seamen's strike is reported to have been completely beaten. All strikers have been summarily dismissed and new crews employed.

Apple Exports Heavier

Chicago. Export shipments of barrelled apples from Canada and the United States to Europe so far this season total about 50 per cent heavier than a year ago, according to the Government Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Boxed apples are moving on in almost twice the 1925 volume.

Lady Willingdon Heads Red Cross

Toronto.—Following a visit by Viscountess Willingdon to the Red Cross national and provincial offices, it was announced that Sir Robert Gordon is to be president of the Canadian Red Cross Society and that her excellency has accepted the office.

Ottawa.—Renewal for a period of two years of the assisted passage agreement, arranged last year for the farmers, farm laborers and domestics, is announced by Hon. Robert Forke, Minister of Immigration. He further announced that the rate of three pounds sterling had been further reduced to two pounds sterling.

This means the following reduction in assisted passage for immigrants from the Old Country to:

Halifax, St. John and Quebec, from £3 to £2.

To Toronto, from £4:10:0 to £3:10:0.

To Winnipeg, from £5:10:0 to £4:10:0.

To Regina and Saskatoon, from £6 to £5.

To Calgary and Edmonton, from £6:10:0 to £5:10:0.

To Vancouver, B.C., from £9 to £8.

Nearly 20,000 people took advantage of the assisted passage rates to Canada from the United Kingdom last year. These included family units, farm laborers and domestics. Of the 2,000 families planned for settlement in Canada, some 1,200 came out this year and the selection of next year's quota is now going on. Perhaps 1,400 or 1,500 families will be brought out next spring.

It is hoped that a still greater number of farm laborers and domestics will be able to migrate to the Dominion under the new rates, and that the assisted passage scheme will eventually tend to reduce the regular ocean fares to other classes of British emigrants.

No British Envoys Will Be Appointed

Government Not Likely to Send Ministers to Dominions

Ottawa.—A cable press report from London intimating that the British Government may appoint ministers in each of the Dominions is not accepted here in Government circles as at all likely. It is understood that in the official despatches reaching this country from the conference there has been no indication of such a step and it is thought to be doubtful if any such plan has been entertained. A further report stating that the Prime Minister of the Dominions have declined to participate in the Lucerne pact is not regarded as official. Premier Bruce of Australia recently stated publicly that he was in favor of the adoption of the Lucerne agreement by the Commonwealth.

Will Not Enforce Restrictions

United States Will Not Ban Workers From Crossing Line

Washington.—Officials of the Department of Labor, which has control over immigration matters stated that while restrictions on persons who live in Canada and cross the border daily to work in the United States will be gradually tightened, no wholesale action is contemplated.

Immigration officials realize that enforcement of any such policy would cause strong protest, not only from Canadian workers but from some United States citizens who live across the border.

Shed Some Light On The Smuggling of Automobiles From Across the Border

Ottawa.—Hundreds of automobiles are smuggled every year into Canada, according to early. They buy old cars in the United States, secure customs papers on them and change the numbers on the cars using the papers for the purpose of bringing in new cars at the valuation of the old ones. Not only that, but they use the same papers several times over. The cars are sold in Canada to unsuspecting purchasers who are fooled by the bogus papers. Autos thus smuggled into the country, of course are subject to confiscation by the Government.

This method of evading the customs laws was explained today at the sitting of the customs investigating committee by C. P. Blair, customs official, who stated it was a method frequently employed in getting stolen cars across the border into the Dominion.

Peace Through Education

People Should Study Way to Settle Disputes Other Than By War

Addressing the assembly gathered at Royal Victoria College, under the auspices of the McGill Canadian Club and the National Council of Education, Lord Elgin struck on a vital chord when he said education should be directed towards obtaining, if possible, some method of settling international disputes otherwise than by the weapons of war, and that emphasis should be placed upon the establishment of some court of national justice which shall be effective without resort to bloodshed. As the speaker remarked, it is for the people who care, and who are willing to study and think, to try to create an atmosphere other than the brutal and slaughterous muck which represents the polished devices of modern militarism, with its hideous instruments and appalling prospects of further devastation and carnage. And this can only really be accomplished, if ever at all, by steady and persistent efforts of peace education amongst the young and within the family circle. No international treaties and no diplomatic signatures by themselves will ever erect a firm, solid barrier against the passions kindled by warfare or during the intense feelings raised when war is imminent or hostilities have actually begun. The outbreak of war in the last analysis rests upon an inward change of public sentiment. To bring this about it is needful to show that it is, except under certain well-defined circumstances, a travesty of our boasted civilization and a shame to our race. What a glorious confession of failure, it must be to vainly ourselves of conquering and ordering the knowledge of things outside us, and never being able either to master or reduce to safe and secure orderliness those human relations which stand closer to our welfare than all other enterprises put together. *The Gazette, Montreal.*

Was Once a Delicacy

People in Olden Times Ate Flesh of Porpoise

Episodes in the Middle Ages prized the flesh of the porpoise as a delicacy. A church disavowal of the period was frequently needed with porpoise, and, at the solemn installation of Bishop Neville, four of these cetaceous ligaments were used.

In 1491 the battlers of Yarmouth presented a fine specimen of a porpoise to Lord Oxford. It was accompanied by an address in which it was stated that they had chosen this present as one which would be especially acceptable to him.

The porpoise was a delicacy highly appreciated at Court. In the reign of the English King Henry III, they frequently appeared at the Royal table.

At a sumptuous banquet prepared for Richard II, they also appeared.

At the splendid coronation feast of Henry VII, various dishes of porpoise were served. They were balled and roasted and rich pies and puddings were made of the flesh, in accordance with the prevailing taste and disposition.

Good queen Bess, who was credited with a refined taste for food, was fond of porpoise, and it even appeared on her table.

It was sold in the English markets up to the year 1555. After that its popularity waned, and it was no longer prized as a delicacy.

Employment Situation Is Good

The employment situation throughout the country shows further betterment and prospects are cheerful. As recorded by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics the early part of October was busier than any time since 1920. Reporting employers numbered 5,915 and their staffs had been augmented during the month by 2,221.

Affects Soviet Grain Exports

The appearance of Canadian grain, first on the world market, seriously has affected this year's Soviet exports, according to Moscow Economic Life, reporting that the collection of the Russian crop greatly has been delayed because of the attempts of the government to reduce grain prices on the interior markets.

Ontario Gold Production

Ontario continues its progress as a gold producer with a record production for the eight months of the present year of \$29,750,000. This is the high water mark in the history of the yellow metal in that province. The Provincial Government estimates a total year's output of \$32,000,000.

"What'll you talk?" asked one Scotsman of another, "I'll talk what you talk." "Then we'll talk a wee walk."

Radio is said to have introduced 3,400 more words into the English language.

W. N. L. 1953

Beeswax Is Valuable

Every Particle Should be Saved as Demand Is Greater Than Supply

Wax is a valuable product of the hive too often allowed to go to waste in many apiaries. Pound for pound beeswax is more valuable than honey and the demand for the commodity is greater than the supply, therefore it is to the advantage of every beekeeper to see that none is lost.

Wax is originally produced through certain glands in the bodies of the bees and is used by them for building comb and the capping over of brood and honey; therefore, every piece of comb from the hives and the cappings that are removed from the combs at extracting time, contain a certain amount of wax. In large apiaries, especially those run for extracted honey, the accumulation of cappings, broken or discarded combs, adventitious comb and scrapings from frames and hives may yield several hundred pounds of wax, while in smaller apiaries the amount may be comparatively small, yet enough to warrant the saving of it.

During the summer months when the bees are examined every nine days and especially when there is a heavy honey flow on, it may be found necessary to remove from the hives small pieces of bridge or bare combs. These are usually thrown to the ground, which is not only a dangerous but a wasteful procedure. A solar wax extractor standing in one corner of the apiary or some container to receive these small pieces of wax until such time as they can be melted down, would add to the returns of the apiary.

All broken or discarded combs and cappings—never mind how small the amount—will pay for the rendering. The present price of comb foundation should be incentive enough to save every particle of wax from the apiary.

Rooted In Canadian Soil

Many American Farmers Taking Up Permanent Homes in Canada

The New York Sun has been discussing the ebb and flow of population across the Canadian border. But it is not as much impressed with Canada's losses as some Canadians profess to be. It says, indeed, that "if either country materially gains by these sporadic movements it is Canada. Factory workers who come into the United States from the Dominion are likely to be but sojourners, inclined for the most part to return to their own land when work becomes scarce for them here or more plentiful at home. Persons who buy farms, on the other hand, expect to make permanent homes on their property. When a family takes root in the soil it is not lightly removed."

The Sun sees many farmers from the United States thus taking root in Canada. Canada welcomes them. They are familiar, for the most part, with the farming methods which the Canadian West requires, they make good citizens, and their children will be thoroughgoing Canadians. The minority which refers to these people as "foreigners" is a small minority indeed. They are potential Canadians as soon as they come to Canada with the intention of remaining. They are actual Canadians as soon as they become naturalized. And their children, born in Canada and educated in Canadian schools, will contribute their quota of statesmen, and scientists, and artists, and writers to the Canada of tomorrow. *Toronto Star.*

Kept Secret Sixty Years

World's Largest Clock Bell Cracked When Being Cast

Big Ben, the largest clock bell in the world, and which strikes the hour from the tower of the House of Parliament at Westminster, is cracked. This revelation was made by William Houghton, a member of the Ancient Society of College Youths, England's oldest bellringing fraternity, who has been making an inventory of London's bells for phonograph records. The bell, which weighs thirteen and a half tons, has kept this secret for sixty years, for it is now disclosed that the crack developed when it was being cast in 1858. A hole was then bored in the bronze to prevent the crack from extending, and Big Ben has been declared as healthy today as he ever was.

Mrs. Spathe Jones—"What a beautiful piano! But why have you tucked that piece of sandpaper to it?"

Mrs. Nevediche—"That's to keep my husband from stalling matches on it."

Captain of the Village Fire Brigade—"Eight pints of beer, ma, and do you mind being a bit quicker as we be on our way to a fire?"—Passing Show.

Bobby (to father enjoying scenery)—"Mumver see I isn't safe there, father, and you've either got to come away or let me carry the sandwiches."

Home-Loving Salmon

Salmon Tagged in B.C., and Released in Nova Scotia, Returns to Pacific Coast

The news story in The Globe on Saturday of the manner in which a race of sock-eye salmon has been reared in British Columbia to take the all-Canadian route to the Fraser, and thus escape the dangerous American waters near Victoria, is an inspiring record. Formerly the grown-up salmon coming in from the Pacific to spawn in the Fraser River took the southern route, and were so largely captured by intensive fishing in United States waters that few reached Canada.

Scientists found that a few fish took the northern route. In all Canadian waters, and the eggs from these were hatched and the fry sent back to the Pacific. The homing instinct of the salmon is so strong that it invariably returns to the place of its birth after four or five years in deep waters, and by the same route. So this year there has been a heavy catch of fish returning from the far Pacific by the northern channel.

"It is not only a victory of science for commerce, but it reminds us of the wholesome domestic instinct of this king of Canadian water resources. Last spring a salmon was taken in British Columbia waters which had been previously captured there, tagged and released in the Atlantic off Nova Scotia. This salmon had gone through the Panama Canal or around the extremity of South America in order to return to the waters of its birth."

These incidents invest the austere salmon with qualities almost human. May these qualities be embraced more fully by the ex-Canadians who have gone abroad to await the passing of post-war depression at home!

Canada Wants British Settlers

J. Bruce Walker Predicts Great Increase in Immigration Next Year

"Everywhere I went throughout Canada I heard the cry: 'Bring us more people, especially more British people,'" said Sir George MacLaren Proven, European general manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, at a gathering which welcomed him back after his recent tour in the Dominion. "I think this desire has impressed itself upon the government of Canada," Sir George continued, "and is now being reflected in the deliberations at the Imperial conference."

J. Bruce Walker, Canadian director of European emigration, London, who has been associated with the deliberations of the Imperial conference committee on overseas settlement expresses the opinion that next year will see a remarkable increase over the last few years in the migration from Great Britain to Canada.

Message Floated Forty Years

Sailor's Note That Just Reached Halifax Was Dated 1887

A farewell message from John Lee, master mariner, to his widowed mother, believed to have floated around the world in a bottle for nearly forty years, has been received at Halifax.

The bottle was picked up in the Baltic sea at the Island of Bornum by a young German cable engineer and forwarded to the Premier of Nova Scotia. It read: "To whom it may concern: Tell mother I died fighting. John Lee, Master Mariner, Halifax." It was dated "May 17, '87."

The paper was faded gray and the writing very faint, but legible. Mrs. Lee died 25 years ago. The fate of her son's ship, which sailed from this port, was never known.

An individual electric power plant consisting of a small generator, spring-driven, supplies sufficient current to operate a light bulb. Ten seconds of cranking by hand produces three minutes of light.

Claims To Have Heard Mars

Telepathist in London, England, Astonished Reporters by Statement

Dr. H. Mansel Robinson, of London, Eng., telepathist, who claims to be the only man on earth who sent a message to Mars stated that he received one in answer. He also astonished reporters who called on him by declaring he was still in communication with the red planet. Interrupting himself, while being interviewed he listened intently for a moment to a voice inaudible to others present and then solemnly said: "That is Commaruru, my lady friend on Mars. She was explaining to me why only the repetition of the letter M came through to me last night."

The reporters promptly dropped everything else to enquire about Commaruru. "She's a great friend of the director of the biggest wireless station on Mars," Dr. Robinson informed them, with a perfectly straight face. He coyly refused further information about the fair Marilan. He vouchsafed, however, that Marilaas are seven feet six inches to eight feet tall, have large ears, huge cheeks of hair and Chinese features. They smoke pipes, drink tea and drive cars with weather-proof hoods, added Robinson casually, and are never bothered by coal strikes or any other strikes.

Besides the superior brand of Marilan, he said, there is a lower type with a head like a walrus.

The Roar Of Niagara

Noisiest Spot in New York Traffic Is Quieter Than Falls

Niagara Falls may, far noisier than traffic at any point in New York City. This revelation follows exhaustive tests showing that the greater volume of sound comes at the foot of the American Falls directly facing the Cave of the Winds, both of which spots are defined as "deafening." Special instruments "measured" the roar at 70 miles compared with 55 at the noisiest spot in New York—Sixth avenue and 34th street. Niagara is not merely a great natural spectacle; it provides the greatest turbine dynamo plant in the world, supplying with current 3,000 miles of transmission line. Light, heat and power for the entire city of Toronto, energy for hundreds of industrial concerns, and for the homesteads of 12,500 Dominion farmers are all supplied from this source.

Received First V.C.

Colonel Thackeray Won Decoration During Indian Mutiny

Colonel Sir Edward Talbot Thackeray, the oldest V.C., celebrated his 80th birthday at Bordighera, Italy. He is a nephew of William Makepeace Thackeray. He won the V.C. at the storming of Delhi during the Indian Mutiny. He and another officer, Captain Kemble, seeing that the rebels had set fire to a magazine, climbed to the roof of the buildings and under a heavy musketry fire extinguished the flames, repelled with bombs an attack by the enemy, and held the building until the arrival of reinforcements.

Ripe Fruit Shipped to Britain

Ripe plums are now being sent to England, arriving there in prime condition. The Ontario Department of Agriculture reports having made a trial shipment with excellent results, as attested by word from the other side. The plums were picked ripe and fully colored.

Wins Silver Cup

The silver cup for the best display of poultry at the Sesquecentennial Poultry Show was won by the Hon. John S. Martin, Ontario Minister of Agriculture.

Everyone is young once, but some women are young several times.

Will Face Unknown Dangers

Expedition to Explore London Sewers Not Used for Centuries

A three-years expedition is shortly to be embarked upon among unknown parts of the City of London.

Raging torrents and placid streams, weirs and waterfalls and great tunnels through which a moving van could be hauled with little difficulty will be met with by the men who are to survey the City of London sewers for the first time since 1870.

There are known to be sixty miles of sewers in the City area. Some go back to Elizabethan days and probably a few before that. It is with the intention of finding out where they all are and re-mapping their whereabouts mainly so that they will not be endangered by future excavations, that the exploration is to be carried out.

The survey and engineering workers of the corporation who will take part will face dangers that will include:

Tidal waves, against which no man could stand, and against which special precautions are to be taken.

Death-dealing gas.

Explosion.

The possibility of being lost in these unknown labyrinths.

An official of the corporation told a reporter that storms on the northern heights of London, for instance, have the effect of sending raging torrents down the sewers.

City Noises Shorten Life

Is Always Tax on Nerves Says Chicago Doctor

If the rattle, bang or roar of the city could be eliminated, the average life of its residents would be prolonged about seven years declares Chicago's commissioner of health, Dr. Herman N. Bundeson. Individual and community efficiency would at the same time be materially increased.

"Noise is always a tax on nerves," said the commissioner who has been attempting to lessen the street noises of Chicago. "It causes almost as much wear and tear as the exertion one puts forth in the performance of daily work."

"Although one can and does get accustomed to noises which are a part of one's daily life, yet unusual and unnecessary noise tends to upset the nerves and cause annoyance. Constant din may also affect the brain in such a way as to cause dizziness, giddiness and nausea in some persons."

Visualizes City Of Future

Edison Tells What He Thinks It Will Be

The city of today has outgrown its usefulness in the opinion of Thomas A. Edison, who, in an interview by Edward Marshall in the current issue of The Forum magazine, visualizes the scientific city of the future. In this city of the future time saving will be of prime importance and traffic congestion will be solved by the mathematician, who will supplant the traffic policeman; crime will decrease before the advent of the scientific policeman and taxes will become astonishing low with government of the cities by experts.

Noise in the city of the future, however, in the opinion of Mr. Edison, will increase rather than decrease, but the human being will become sufficiently deafened by nature so that his nerves will be able to stand the increased din.

Prince Unveils Tablet

To the million dead of the British Empire who fell in the Great War, a tablet was unveiled in Westminster Abbey by the Prince of Wales. It was erected by the Imperial War Graves Commission. It bears the arms of the Mother Country surrounded by those of the Dominions and India.

"Jim is a tremendously convincing talker, don't you think so?"

"I did until I heard him try to talk back to a traffic officer."

Necessary Factor In Modern Business

Publicity Constantly Required and Only Obtained Through Advertising

It used to be said that competition was the life of trade. In a recent speech, President Coolidge suggested a revision of the maxim. The life of trade nowadays, in his opinion, is advertising. He told the story of an American industry which had phenomenal growth in the 'eighties and 'nineties. This industry was an advertiser on a large scale. A time came when various concerns engaged in it were merged and consolidated. It was felt that it was no longer necessary to explain to the public the value of the product. Besides, since competition had been eliminated in supplying it, advertisement could be stopped without loss. The industry ceased to advertise and the inevitable result followed. After a disastrous failure, the industry had to be re-organized. With the proper amount of publicity, it became successful.

From this story President Coolidge drew the moral that modern business constantly requires publicity. "It is not enough," he said, "that goods are made, a demand for them must also be made. It is on this foundation of enlarging production through the demands created by advertising that very much of the success of the American industrial system depends."

In other words, advertising is not merely an instrument of intensified competition. It is a necessary factor in the modern business structure. The steady rise in the average standard of living, which means in economic terms the satisfaction of an ever greater number of human wants, could not continue without advertisement.

Picks Country First

Youthful Author Tells How He Writes a Story

Just 13 is Albert "Ho-Maa," New York. But his name already has appeared in bold type on top of a magazine story he wrote last year. The tale, which won the Horace Mann high school prize, was published recently in the Famous Story Magazine, to which Theodore Dreiser, John Galsworthy, Edna Ferber, and a score of other famous authors are contributors.

When asked, "How do you go about writing a story?" he replied:

"I don't go about it. When I'm sick and have sufficient time, I pick some country, where the plot of my story will be laid, and then I get the facts about the country from an encyclopedia. Then I write my descriptions around these facts. Some day, I hope to have the descriptive powers of Dickens or Jack London."

Albert is the son of Mr. and Mrs. George T. Delacorte, Jr., and his father is a publisher. The boy speaks German and French.

Giant Dry Dock

Second Largest Dry Dock in the World Built at Esquimalt, B.C.

The new drydock just completed at Esquimalt, Victoria, is the second largest in the world and only 29 feet shorter than the Commonwealth dock at Boston. This giant dock, hewn out of solid rock, cost \$6,000,000 and measures 1,156 feet long, 149 feet wide at the top and 125 at the bottom. Its depth is 49 feet feet 5 inches with 40 feet of water in the stills at high water. The dock will take the largest ship afloat.

Canadian Cow Has Record

Another Canadian cow has captured the world's record for butter fat production. She answers to the name of Betsy Wylie, and is an Ayrshire owned by C. Crockett, of Middle Musquodoboit, Nova Scotia. Her record is 1,103 lbs. of butter fat from 21,905 lbs. of milk in the year. Formerly this record was held by a Montreal cow, owned by W. C. Wylie, with 1,005 lbs. of butter fat from 22,223 lbs. of milk.

Manitoba Turkeys for Australia

A pair of turkeys, gobbler and hen, have been shipped by the Manitoba Agricultural College to Australia. The Antipodes, it seems, has heard of the reputation won by the Manitoba College in turkey breeding—in building up a strain of extra quality bird—and decided to try out the feathered bipeds in a new terrain.

A Reasonable Request

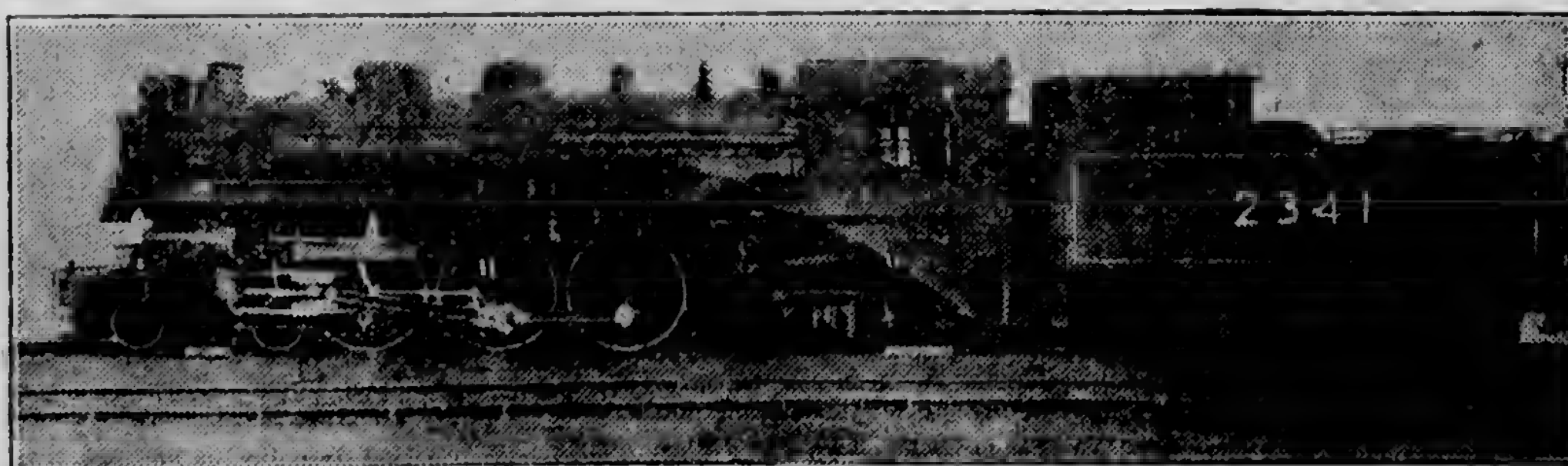
"I have only one request to make," groaned the college man who had come to work in the harvest.

"What is that, Mr. Smart?" returned the farmer.

"Please let me stay in bed long enough for the lamp chimney to cool off."

Voiced over Wire—"Madame, your husband has been run over by a truck."

"Good Heavens! On the afternoon of my bridge party?"—Collier's.



C.P.R.'s Finest Locomotive

Another marked improvement in series Pacific class locomotive. By a special application of the superheaters, the boiler pressure is increased from 200 to 250 pounds per square inch. This is regarded as a highly important improvement, greatly increasing the speed, hauling capacity and general efficiency. This was accomplished without increasing the weight of the locomotive by using a stronger

Montreal Man Wins Way Back To Health

Suffered for Months After Severe Attack of La Grippe, With Insomnia, Nervousness, Indigestion And Coughing. Found Relief.

Like thousands of others, Ernest Beland, proprietor of Beland Barber Shop, 194 Laurier West, Montreal, found long-sought relief from intense suffering in Taulac.

Mr. Beland says: "At the end of a two-months' siege of La Grippe, I was so completely wrecked that my friends nor myself thought I would ever get well. For weeks I could not sleep.

"Tingling in my lungs, shortness of breath, choking sensations and a nagging, wracking cough, made life almost unbearable. Finally I was persuaded by a man who was benefited by Taulac to try it out.

"I was able to get up and move about the house after taking two bottles of Taulac, and by the time I had finished the seventh bottle I was able to return to work.

"I have an excellent appetite, sleep well, and have gained 11 pounds. I feel fine in every way. It is with pleasure that I recommend Taulac to anyone.



"Taulac is for sale by all good druggists—more than 40 million bottles have been sold. Let this marvelous tonic, made according to the famous Taulac formula, from roots, herbs and berries, help bring you robust health and vigor, as it has to thousands of others. Ask for it by name.

Strange, Romantic Love Adventures of the Flapper you know



by H. L. GATES

Copyright 1925 by H. L. GATES

Published by arrangement with First National Pictures, Inc.

CHAPTER XX.

In Eggleston's Home

A butler, the ancient one whose years seemed to identify him with the old house, brought word that Mr. Eggleston would join them shortly. If they would be pleased to wait. Brandon, when the old man had disappeared noiselessly, held on his cigarette case to Joanna. She shook her head.

"No, not in here," she said. "Somehow, it doesn't seem as if—, as if one smoked in this house, does it?"

"That is a curious feeling," he observed. "I don't imagine my esteemed uncle smokes them, but I fancy he is not unused to them. Surely you would not adopt a pose of innocence of them because of a visionary regard for your banker's tastes?"

"No," she replied, "I wouldn't do that. But, just the same, I don't want to smoke.

She moved away from the table and a window. Brandon, eyeing her closely, saw that as she crossed the room her glance fell again on the painting over the fireplace. She looked from the window out into the avenue, for a minute or two, then turned suddenly and went directly up to the fireplace. The action was as if in response to some occult summons from the girl who looked down so serenely from the canvas.

Joanna rested her hand on the mantel ledge and gazed up into the face in the portrait. It was a picture that might have amused her, with its prim, voluminous skirts from under which just a foot or two peeped; its leg of mutton sleeves and absurdly tiny waist that almost shrieked aloud of the corsets of yesterday. The sign of virgin modesties was there, in the

hands that would have been demurely clasped if they had not held the age-old weapon of defense—an ornate folded fan. All this Joanna somehow would have laughed at, as at a school-day valentine. To her there never had been anything quite so ridiculously funny as any sort of fashion that had become passe—clothes, girls or conventions.



"As your banker," Eggleston returned, "you must give me my instructions."

But Brandon, who had dropped his cigarette into a solid gold ash tray and moved softly to one side of the room where, under pretense of examining a book, he might furtively watch the girl at the fireplace, saw nothing of amusement in her face. Instead he fancied that some of the witfulness of the girl in the painting had reached down to the other.

"Do you know who she is—I mean, who she was?" The voice seemed to float gently on the stillness of the room.

Brandon didn't answer at once. Joanna did not notice his silence. "She fascinates me," she said, still dreamily. "There is something about her face that reminds me of someone—I don't know who. It makes me want to think."

There was a sound at the door, which opened by the old butler. Eggleston entered the room. Brandon made no sign. He glanced from the girl to the banker, and then watched them both.

Eggleston halted abruptly when he saw Joanna and that she was lost in contemplation of the girl in the painting. He looked at Brandon, a mute inquiry in his eyes. Brandon shook his head. Eggleston stood, quietly, his head lowered a bit so that his study of the girl at the fireplace, whose back was partly turned to him, had the effect of an inner as well as outward scrutiny.

Suddenly, as if she were startled, Joanna wheeled and met the banker's stare. A hand fluttered nervously to her breast. For a brief moment she trembled, as if frightened. "I know—that you were watching me!" she breathed.

Brandon dropped his book. "The atmosphere is charged," he remarked dryly. "I am confronted with moods. Miss Manners refuses to smoke despite the fact that on our way here she stopped to buy a charmingly expensive holder ornamented

with emeralds. She found the room too forbidding. Now my uncle is mysteriously detached." To Eggleston he continued: "I hope your luncheon is not to be a heavy affair!"

Joanna was confused. She wanted to refute that accusation that it was the house of her host that oppressed her.

Eggleston rescued her with a stiff, formal greeting that ignored Brandon's allusions.

Joanna made a valiant effort to throw off the shyness that constantly threatened her in the presence of the great banker who knew the secret of her mystery. She knew, instinctively, that she had not been asked to visit him, at his home, without some very definite reason. But whatever this reason might be, she was convinced that it, also, would be kept from her.

Eggleston's phrases were formal, cold; yet, now and then, she was sure she detected something in his manner—that was quite all that she could determine about it, that it was, simply, "something." As yet the mind of Miss Twenty-seven had not become expertly analytical.

"I understand," the banker said, when they had taken their places at the table in a massive dining room—a room as sombre as the library which thronged the girl of the painting—"that you were definitely launched last night, and that you were quite a success. That is what my nephew, here, has given me to understand."

"It was glorious!" Joanna agreed.

"Miss Constant is very good to me."

"You have not, then, formed any subliminal ambitions. You are the trustee of a fortune. I am interested in your immediate future."

Joanna looked up quickly. "I should be willing to follow any instruction you give me," she said, quietly. "If you like me none, I can do nothing else but enjoy myself according to my own inclinations. I have always wanted little things that I couldn't have. Now that I may have the big ones that are better, I shall simply have them—that's all I can do, it seems."

"As your banker," Eggleston returned, "I am wondering if, since that is your inclination, some of your securities should not be turned into cash. Already you have expended some \$120,000. That is within a few days. If you continue at that rate you will need actual money. You must give me my instructions."

Joanna saw that Brandon was watching her furtively. She felt the need of a defense, but, instead, plunged into an offensive.

"I am going to spend a great deal of money," she said. "There are so many things to buy, and money doesn't seem to count for much in Miss Constant's world." So was silent for a moment, then asked suddenly:

"How far does a million dollars go, Mr. Eggleston?"

"Not very far," he replied, "when entrusted to the three companions, Vanity, Extravagance, and Desire. They, I believe are the chief advisers of the young women of this day."

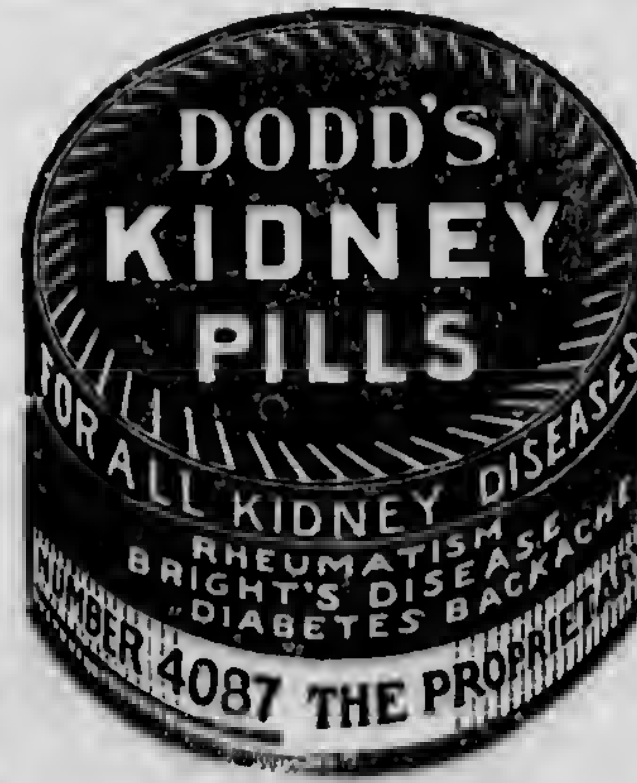
"Are they?" Joanna asked earnestly. "I have always found that my chief friends were Misunderstanding, Distrust and Envy."

A great modern banker, a despot whose whirl echoed as thunder through the marts of finance, and a modern, younger man, whose pastime was the baffling of feminine artifice, looked across their table into the fresh, young, modern face of a girl who was just blossoming out from Miss Twenty-seven of the silks. The banker remembered, strangely, a vision of glaring legs and flamboyant rouge that came awkwardly through his office door with the air of one who was being trapped. Brandon remembered the girl who had "no place to go," except to her silk counter or her rooming house. And Joanna understood why they looked at her.

(To Be Continued)

Simple and Sure. — Dr. Thomas' Elettrol Oil is so simple in application that a child can understand the instructions. Used as a liniment the only direction is to rub, and when used as a dressing to apply. The directions are so plain and unmistakable that they are readily understood by young or old.

An educational campaign is being conducted in the Philippines which has for its object the wiping out of illiteracy in five years.



Children's Colds

Are best treated externally. Click them overnight without "dosing" by rubbing Vicks over throat and chest at bedtime.

VICKS VapoRus



British Settlers For Canada

One Thousand More British Settlers to Come to Canada Next Year

One thousand more British families are to be brought to Canada next year to settle on farms and homesteads. The task of securing suitable land that is not too far from a railway. The newcomers will take up land in all parts of the Dominion, but mostly in Ontario and the West, where the majority of the 2,000 families already brought out to the Dominion are making good and contented.

The Hudson's Bay Company has placed 2,000 quarter sections at the disposal of the Minister of Immigration, and the C.P.R. likewise has offered him 1,500 quarter sections. The minister will have an investigation made by the land settlement board to ascertain the value and suitability of these lands for British families.

IS THERE A BABY IN YOUR HOME?

Is there a baby or young children in your home? If there is you should not be without a box of Baby's Own Tablets. Childhood ailments come quickly and means should always be at hand to promptly fight them. Baby's Own Tablets are the ideal home remedy. They regulate the bowels; sweeten the stomach; banish constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers—in fact they relieve all the minor ills of little ones. Concerning them Mrs. Mabel Chadler, Mahanick, Ont., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets are the best remedy in the world for little ones. My baby suffered terribly from indigestion and vomiting, but the Tablets soon set her right and now she is in perfect health. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

Little Helps For This Week

He that hath no rule over his own spirit is like a city that is broken down and without walls. —Prov. xxv, 28.

Real glory Springs from the quiet conquest of ourselves; And without that the conqueror is naught But the first slave. —Thomson.

Rest not in an ovation, but in a triumph over thy passions. Let anger walk laughing down the head; let malice go unmanaged and envy fettered after thee. Behold within thee the whole train of thy trophies, not without thee. Claim up the murky legion of thy bread, lead thine own captivity captive, and be Caesar within thyself. —Sir Thomas Browne.

To Protect Travellers

Machine Guns Mounted on Trains in Mexico

Machine guns are mounted on trains leaving the international boundary between Arizona and Mexico, to protect travellers from the depredations of rebellious factions in interior Mexico.

Military escorts on the trains have been doubled from 50 to 100 men on each train. The machine guns are set in place at both ends of the car.

These precautions, say military chiefs at Nogales, Sonora, are taken because of the activity of Yaqui Indian bands in Sonora.

Teeming With Life

The amount of life found to exist in a quarter of a square mile of tropical jungle in British Guiana is almost incredible. In a square yard of soil 1,000 different forms of insect life were found.

No matter how deep-rooted the corn may be, it must yield to Halloway's Corn Remover if used as directed.

She—"Oh, Doctor, I'm so anxious about Mrs. Smythe. She is in your hands, is she not?" Doctor—"She was, but I'm not attending her now." She—"Ah, then she is out of danger?" —London Humorist.

George E. Pliz, who helped to found Juneau, Alaska, died recently at Eagle on the Yukon.

The chief difference between an authority and an expert is that the authority knows something about it.

When a bad example is set mischief is hatched out.

After Shaving—Minard's Liniment.

Hiring Help In London

"Want" Ads Show Maids Are Accorded Many Privileges

No nagging, ten weeks vacation, plenty of fresh eggs and bacon, radios and the use of an automobile are all inducements offered by wealthy London women in search of domestic help so difficult to get these days. Here are a few "want" ads from London newspapers.

Housemaids—Ten weeks holiday in the year with board and wages. Use of car now and then.

House parlor-maid—Electric light and central heat throughout, also radio. Outings assisted by car if desired.

Maid—Good outings, also whole day and night every three weeks. Plenty of fresh eggs and bacon.

Cook-general—Good outings and week-end once a month. No nagging. Cook-general—Help given, good wages and outings. Own bathroom, heat, light and radio.

Upper house-maid—Dress materials and valuable presents given. One room furnished to suit.

Won Fortune From Kaiser

Widow Broke Will Which Left Wealth to German Ruler

During the war the ex-Kaiser of Germany just missed adding another million to his fortune by an adverse decision of the Dresden High Court. A wealthy Saxon died and left the greater part of his wealth to Wilhelm II, the will leaving his widow almost penniless.

The widow asked the ex-Kaiser to renounce the legacy in her favor, and on his refusal, she brought an action to have the will declared illegal. The court, decided in her favor, and awarded her the big sum her husband had willed to the ex-Kaiser.

Sun Keeps Earth Going

If the earth were taken away from the sun for a year the ocean would not only be frozen, but the atmosphere would be condensed to liquid air, washing only the dry rocks of a frozen sea, in the opinion of Professor H. N. Russell, of Princeton.

The pedist has no use for the man who is afraid to show his hand.



When You Tint Use Real Dyes!

When tinting dainty underwear, silk stockings, or any fine fabrics use true dyes. That's the only way you can get the same beautiful, soft shades materials have when new.

Tint some pieces tonight, with real Diamond dye—you'll see the difference! No one will dream they were tinted at home. And you can do real dyeing with just a few perfect results, if you will just use the true Diamond dyes.

FREE: why not ask your druggist for the very useful Diamond Dye Cyclopedic? Valuable suggestions, easy directions, and piece-goods sample colors. Or write for free copy of Color Craft, a big illustrated book sent post-paid—address DIAMOND DYES, Dept. N13, Windsor, Ontario.

Diamond Dyes

Make it NEW for 15 cts!

Talks Without Vocal Cords

Admiral Col. Aristed Moreno, of Washington, is learning to talk without vocal cords. An operation about two years ago necessitated removal of the cords, and surgeons predicted that he would be unable to talk. Now he is able to talk understandably, though he must enunciate very slowly.

Efficiently the Worm Powders work so effectively that no traces of worms can be found. The pests pass away in the stools without being perceptible. They make an outfit and clean sweep of the intestines, and nothing in the shape of a worm can find lodgement there when these powders are in operation. Nothing could be more thorough or desirable than their action.

The so-called steam we see issuing from a bottle is not steam at all but tiny globules of water condensed from the steam. Steam—the vapor or gas of water—is invisible.



Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

Headache Neuralgia
Pain Neuritis
Colds Lumbago
Toothache Rheumatism

DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART

Safe

WARNING! Beware of Counterfeits

There is only one genuine "ASPIRIN" tablet. If a tablet is offered as "ASPIRIN" and is not stamped with the "Bayer Cross"—refuse it with contempt—it is not "ASPIRIN" at all! Don't take chances!

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

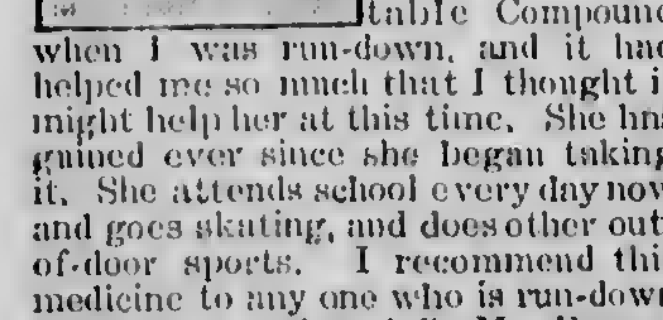
Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopetroleum.

THIS MOTHER GLAD DAUGHTER IS WELL

Mrs. Parks Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Daughter's Health

Toronto, Ontario. — "My daughter is 16 now and has been an invalid ever since she was six months old and has been compelled to remain out of school the greater part of the time. We have tried different kinds of medicine, but none helped her much. I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound when I was run-down, and it had helped me so much that I thought it might help her at this time. She has gained ever since she began taking it. She attends school every day now and goes skating, and does other out-of-door sports. I recommend this medicine to any one who is run-down and nervous and weak." —Mrs. Parks, 106 Bond Street, Toronto, Ontario.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a dependable medicine for young women's troubles. For sale by druggists everywhere. C



Meats and Groceries

Holt & Son — Phone 17
MEAT MARKET

Place Your Orders Now for Christmas Cakes

Fresh Cakes, Buns, Pastries and Doughnuts ready for you

"Eat the Best" — "Forget the Rest"

Maple Leaf Bakery

PHONE 38

COAL

**Special Prices
on 5 and 10 Ton Lots**

S. B. Card Phone 90

Turkeys Wanted

We are offering top market price for No. 1 Turkeys between Dec. 6th and 15th.

Unlimited quantity wanted. See us now.

PHONE 81

SUGAR CITY MEAT CO.

Our Motto: "Service and Quality"

Have you noticed how rapidly buildings are pushed to completion when the contract has been given to

S. Ellis

**Contractor
and Builder**

PIANO TUNING

A. J. S. PATEY
Expert Piano-Tuner and Repairer
Suite 31, Kings Hotel
Lethbridge, Alta.

L. D. S. GARMENTS

Old and New Styles
\$1.75 and up

I. M. COOMBS — Cardston
Agent for the Desert News and
Other Church Publications
Leave Orders at Broadway Store

DR. H. NEWTON HEAL DENTAL SURGEON

Will be in his office in Raymond
Monday, Thursday, Friday and
Saturday of each week.
In Magrath Tuesday and Wed-
nesday, of each week.

Office hours:

9 to 12 1.30 to 6

FOR SALE—A limited amount
of good barley and oats. Will
sell for cash or will trade for pigs.
—Apply to H. Iwasa, Raymond.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. John Hir-
she at Wrentham, a son.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Metasu-
yama, a son.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Golden
Snow last Sunday, a daughter.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. F. H.
Ford last Friday, a daughter.

The sugar-makers ball last Mon-
day was well attended and was a
success in every way. The pro-
grams with original music for
dances was a unique feature of
the evening.

Funeral services were held last
Monday for Mr. B. F. Milner and
Mrs. N. Peterson. Both funerals
were well attended.

Warning to Users of Radio

**ALL RADIO RECEIVING SETS
MUST BE LICENSED**

Penalty on summary conviction is a fine not exceeding \$50.00

License Fee \$1.00

Licenses, valid to 31st March, 1927, may be obtained
from: Staff Post Offices, Radio Dealers, Radio In-
spectors, or from the Radio Branch, Department of
Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa

A. Johnston, Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries



Prosperity Follows the Dairy Farm

Agriculture surveys prove that the
farmer who banks a monthly milk or
cream check soon becomes independent
of financial worries. The dairy cow—
the milk cheque—the bank account
form an indestructible chain which de-
fies "hard times" and business depres-
sions. Since 1873 the Standard Bank
of Canada has catered to dairy farmer,
rendering efficient service to his busi-
ness.

**BANKING
FIFTY
YEARS**

**THE
STANDARD BANK
OF CANADA**

RAYMOND BRANCH—T. L. Halpin, Manager

F. W. Romeril will leave shortly
for a short term mission to the
southern States.

Makers of Distinctive Portraits

Be Photographed by

Allison

Studio: Balmoral Block

Fifth St. S. — Lethbridge

(Order Early for Christmas)

UNITED CHURCH Services —
Sunday at 7.00 p. m. Everybody
welcome.

FOR SALE—Dresser, Marswell
oak heating stove, 2 sets work
harness, sewing machine and other
small articles.—Apply to J. H.
Wall, Raymond.

**Now Going Strong
Call in for
Your Bath for
Your Bath or Shave**

REX

BARBER SHOP

JESSE SECRIST . PROP.

**DR. SAMUEL ASTROF
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON**

(Post Office Building)

Raymond

—Office Hours—

10—12 2—5 7—8

Phone 127



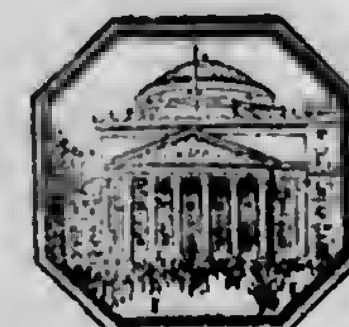
Through The Mails

The service of the Bank of Montreal is as
wide and comprehensive as the postal
system itself.

This service enables customers living in remote
districts to transact their banking by mail as
satisfactorily as if they could make personal
visits.

Write for our folder,
"Banking by Mail."

Raymond Branch:
C. C. WATSON, Manager



BANK OF MONTREAL
Established over 100 years

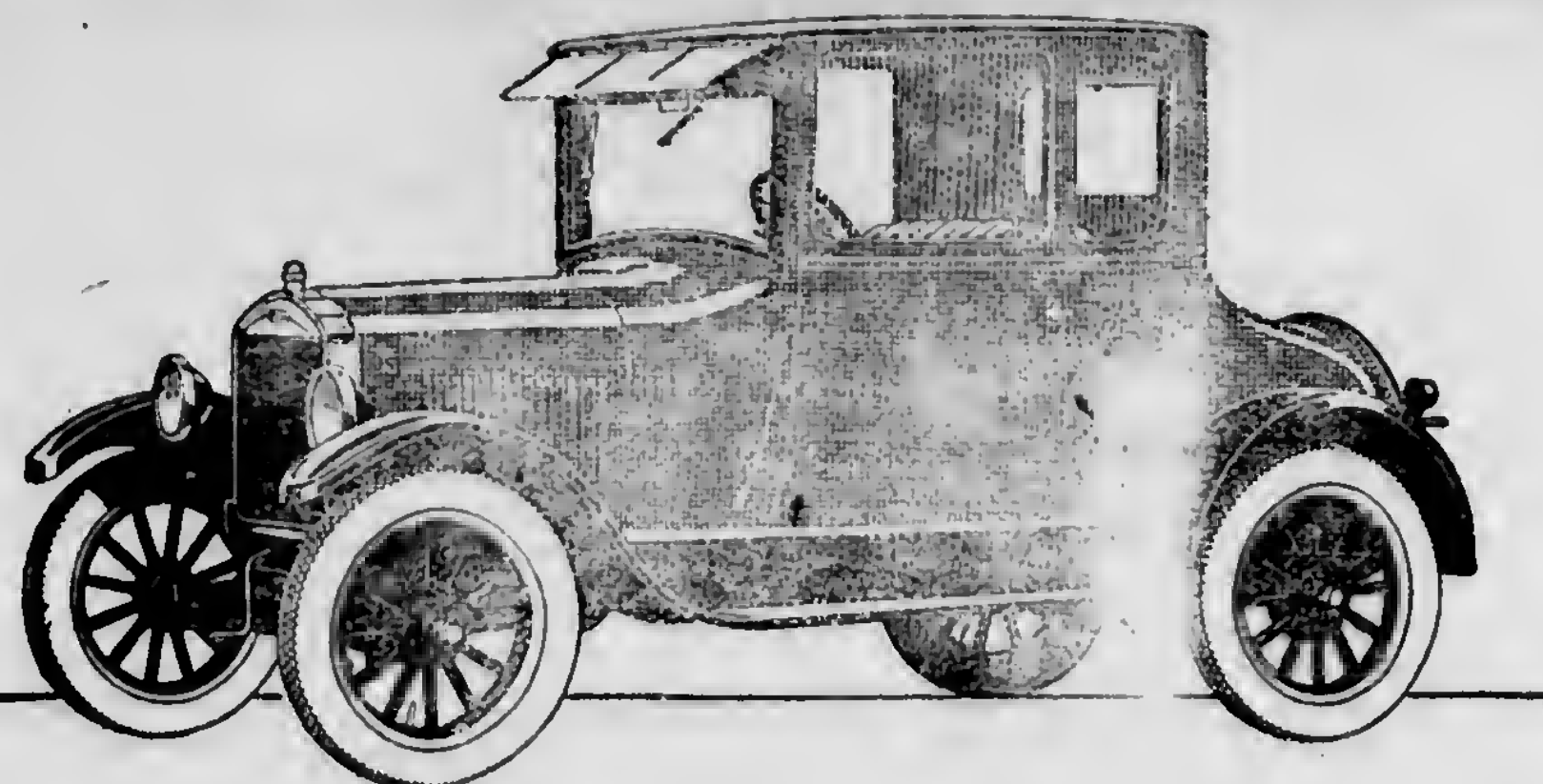
CHRISTMAS TREES

Christmas trees will arrive at Ray-
mond between the 15th and 20th
of December direct from the mount-
ains. (Trees cut too early are
dangerous being subject to fire, be-
sides losing their leaves.) Leave
your orders at any of the general
local stores. Price 75c to \$1.50.
Church Trees \$3.50 to \$5.00.—J.
R. Stutz, phone 114, Cardston.

WANTED—An unlimited supply
of No. 1 turkeys between December
6th and 15th.—Sugar City Meat
Co.

LOOK—The Ladies Aid
will hold a Bazar, Pantry Sale and
Fish Pond next Saturday, Nov.
27 in the afternoon at the Union
Church.

FOR SALE—A Heater, size 13.
—Apply Thos. Allen.



The greatest asset that any manufacturer can
enjoy is the good-will of the public. Public
good-will made the Ford a leader among auto-
mobiles many years ago and has kept it there
ever since. This good-will is the public's tribute
to the inherent quality of Ford products. In
that time the Ford coupe has become the
world's most popular personal car. It embodies
every essential quality of dependable transpor-
tation—lightness with sturdiness, comfort with
compactness, and wide utility with remarkable
economy. Its popularity has been won on
performance. Selection of two body colors in
durable lacquer—moleskin and gray.

Ask your local authorized Ford dealer about the new
National Time Payment Plan.

Runabout \$175 down, \$35 a month Touring - \$195 down, \$35 a month
Sport Roadster \$210 down, \$40 a month
Coupe - \$240 down, \$40 a month Tudor - \$250 down, \$40 a month
Fordor - \$275 down, \$45 a month

Down payments do not vary regardless of tax, license, insurance, freight and delivery charges.
This plan will be administered by the Traders Finance Corporation, Ltd.

Ford

CARS • TRUCKS • TRACTORS

PRODUCTS OF TRADITIONAL QUALITY